



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SACCO/VANZETTI CASE

PART 5 OF 14

FILE NUMBER : 61-126

SUBJECT

Sacco / Vanzetti

FILE NUMBER

61- 126

SECTION NUMBER

3

SERIALS

400- 500

Hartford, Ct.

DAY

WHICH MADE

REPORT

RE AND CHARACTER OF CASE

SACCO-VANZETTI

Protection of Foreign Representatives

Limitation of Arms

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

RADICAL MATTER.

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 4/1/82 BY SP-2

At Hartford, Conn.

Continuing this matter, previously reported

under date of November 21st, 1921, an announcement in the form of a card came into the possession of this Agent, stating that a big mass meeting will be held in the Grand Theatre, Hartford, Conn., at 2 P.M. December 4th, 1921, by the sympathizers of NICOLA SACCO and BARTOLOMEO VANZETTI. At this meeting it was said that the workers of Hartford will protest against the unfair trial and conviction of SACCO and VANZETTI. It was said prominent speakers would be present to demand a fair and square deal for SACCO-VANZETTI. This card was circulated in under the auspices of the HARTFORD SACCO-VANZETTI Defense Conference.

Agent interviewed GARRETT J. FARRELL, Chief, Department of Police, Hartford, Conn., who stated that ~~that~~ one of these cards was brought in to him by Officer [REDACTED] December 1st, 1921. He stated that it was the general policy of people, owning halls and theatres to communicate with him and inform him of their ^{offer} office to rent the hall to persons holding meetings, but ^{b7c} said in this case that [REDACTED] Hartford, Conn., Manager of the GRAND THEATRE, had not called in to see him prior to renting the hall to the HARTFORD SACCO-VANZETTI

REFERENCE:

COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

1-Washington, 2-New York, 1-Htd.

b7c Radical Matter.

DEFENSE COMMITTEE, but that [REDACTED] had communicated with him over the telephone, informing him that he had entered into a contract with these people for the renting of the hall on the date above referred to. He stated that he made it plain to these people that no disorder would be allowed, and that certain conditions protecting property and protecting the United States and its officers from unfair criticism and ridicule, had been written into the contract. He stated that the HARTFORD SACCO-VANZETTI DEFENSE COMMITTEE was represented in the negotiations with him by DR. NELSON, who to be DR. D.H. NELSON a chiropractor, of 1026 Main Street, Hartford, Conn. He stated that DR. NELSON informed him that no violation involving a violation of any law, would be made, and the purpose of this meeting was to raise funds to be used in defense of SACCO and VANZETTI. b7c

[REDACTED] stated that the contract price total was \$100.00 and a check was tendered to him in payment of it. At the present time he was unable to advise Agent the bank at which it was drawn. He will advise me of this tomorrow. This date informed the New York Office of this Department, the mass meeting which will be covered by this Agent.

CASE CONTINUED.

[REDACTED] b2 b7c

DATE WHEN MADE:

PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE:

REPORT MADE BY:

12/1/21.

12/1/21.

Bliss Morton.

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

SACCO-VANZETTI ACTIVITIES:

FACTS DEVELOPED:

A Cleveland morning newspaper recently carried a New York news item to the effect that SACCO-VANZETTI demonstrations had been held in different cities over the United States on the 20th ultimo. Among others it was mentioned that meetings had been held in Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, San Francisco, and Cleveland.

Agent has had careful inquiries made in the Cleveland and has been unable to locate any information of a VANZETTI demonstration or meeting having been held in Cleveland recently.

Read by
DEC 3 - 1921
J. Burns

b2
b7c

RECEIVED
DEC 3 1921
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

DEC 12 1921

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/21/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/huc

67-126-401
RECORDED
JAN 1 1922
J. S. Morton

REFERENCE:

COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

Wash. - 3.

Instructions :

Pl. Agt. Cha

Intelligence
Branch.

REPORT MADE AT:

New York, N.Y.

DATE WHEN MADE:

Dec. 1, 1921

PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE:

Nov. 26, 1921

REPORT MADE BY:

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

Re: SACCO-VANZETTI : Protection of Foreign Representatives of
Limitation of Armament Conference

FACTS DEVELOPED:

At New York, N.Y.

Pursuant to instructions Agent accompanied Special Agent ^{b7c} [redacted] of the General Intelligence Division and a number of other agents of the Bureau to a SACCO-VANZETTI Protest meeting held at the Central Opera House at 205 E. 67th St. held under the auspices of the Italian Defense Committee, Workers League and American Labor Alliance, jointly. There were about 1800 to 2000 people present of various nationalities, Finns, Russians, Italians, Germans and Americans. The speakers were ELIZABETH GURLEY, FLYNN, Chairman, LUDWIG LORE, ARTURO GIOVANETTI, FRED BIEDENKAPP and EDGAR OWENS. CARLO TRESKA was present but did not speak, a number of well known radicals were also present. Agents ^{b7c} [redacted] made stenographic notes of such parts of the speeches as might be of interest to this Dept.; a collection was taken up which netted (according to the Chairman) about \$750. There were no disorders and the meeting terminated about 11:30

P.M.

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/21/82 BY SP-80J/AC

Read by

DEC 3 - 1921

Wm. J. Burns

67-126-402

RECORDED

REFERENCE:

COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

Washington 3: New York 2:

CJS-JWD.

Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR

NEW YORK, N. Y.

November 29, 1921.

DEC 1 - 1921

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

In Re: Sacco-Vanzetti-Protection of Foreign
Representatives-Limitation Armament Conference.

I am attaching copy of a pamphlet entitled
"America's Conscience", which pamphlet is being distributed by
the Sacco-Defense Committee, Boston, Mass.

No report on future meetings in behalf of both
subjects, have as yet been made known to this office.

Yours very truly,

Edward J. Brennan
EDWARD J. BRENNAN

SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE.

DEC 12 1921

61-126-403

RECORDED

Read by
DEC 5 - 1921
Wm. J. Burns

DECLASSIFIED BY SP-8BJS/MC
ON 6/21/82

Instructions received

Spl. Sgt. [REDACTED]

Intelligence Branch.

REPORT MADE AT: New York, N.Y.	DATE WHEN MADE: Dec. 1, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Nov. 2, 1921	REPORT MADE BY: [REDACTED]
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

RE: SACCO- VANZETTI : Protection
Limitation of Freedom of Representatives of
Conference.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

At New York, N.Y.

Noted
F.D.B.

b7c

Agent accompanied Special Agent [REDACTED]
in charge of General Intelligence Division, and other Agents
to a protest meeting held at the Central Opera house for the
benefit of the defense of the above subjects.

Detailed report is being submitted by Special Agent

[REDACTED] and Agents [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]

b7c

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/21/82 BY SP8 BTM/ML



DEC 12 1921

Read by DEC 3 - 1921 Wm. J. Burns

67-126-464

RECORDED

REFERENCE:

COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

Washington 3: New York 2:

Instruction
Agent in Ch...

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/21/82 BY 67

REPORT MADE AT: St. Paul, Minn.	DATE WHEN MADE: 12/1/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 11/20/21	REPORT MADE BY: [REDACTED] b7
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: SACCO VANZETTI COMMITTEE, : Boston, Mass. Radical Organization			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <u>At Saint Paul, Minnesota:</u> The following wire was received from Agent in Charge Bancroft, Boston, Massachusetts, under date of November 22nd, 1921: [REDACTED] b7 Agent was instructed to proceed to Minneapolis with a view to ascertaining [REDACTED] [REDACTED] <u>At Minneapolis, Minnesota:</u> Agent found [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] This place is known as the MODER BOOK STORE and is run by ALEXIUS GEORGIAN, a well-known radical in Minneapolis, who is under order of deportation. Agent, being unknown to GEORGIAN, conferred with him on different subjects for a period of at least one hour. During this time he did not pass out any of the SACCO-VANZETTI literature. In his store, displayed in a prominent place, was a colored pamphlet describing the SACCO and VANZETTI case, with pictures of both SACCO and VANZETTI, and Agent asked [REDACTED] about these men. [REDACTED] [REDACTED] b2 b7c			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Boston, (2) Wm. J. Burns ORIGINAL		

DEC 3 - 1921
JAN 24 1922
61-126-405
RECORDED

12/1/21

b7c
[REDACTED]
He went over [REDACTED] thoroughly and gave Agent copies of two different [REDACTED] this case.- One is entitled "AMERICA'S CONSCIEN [REDACTED] entitled "THE b7c FANGS AT LABOR'S THROAT". [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] stated that millions of them are being sent throughout the [REDACTED] states, and in fact, the world, in defense of these two men.

These pamphlets were compared with the ones taken by Agent [REDACTED] at Duluth and found to be the same.

b7c Agent would estimate that there was not over seven hundred and fifty each of these two pamphlets received at Minneapolis by GEORGIAN.

Copies of this literature are being retained in this office.

A copy of this report, as well as a copy of the pamphlets mentioned above, is being forwarded to the Boston office for the purpose of comparing the literature distributed by the SACCO-VANZETTI COMMITTEE at Boston and the literature being passed out by GEORGIAN in Minneapolis.

Investigation concluded.

citizen of the United States. BENTALL was the Socialist candidate for governor of this state several years ago. He was convicted of obstructing the draft and served one year's imprisonment in the Crow Wing (Minnesota) county jail on this charge. He was later convicted of violation the Espionage act. This case was appealed and he was granted a new trial. At the second trial he was also convicted and sentenced to serve two years in Leavenworth. He again appealed but the Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed the lower court just recently and it is expected he will soon begin his sentence.

BENTALL is at present the editor of "TRUTH," a weekly radical paper published at Duluth, Minnesota. This paper was formerly published by JACK KEARNEY, the well-known Communist, who was likewise convicted of violating the Espionage Act and who has yet to serve his sentence.

The issue of "TRUTH" for November 25, 1921, carries an announcement for a meeting November 27th, at Workers' Hall, Duluth, to raise funds to aid SACCO and VANZETTI. This ad reads:

"Two men are about to be electrocuted in Massachusetts. They are charged with the crime of murder. The capitalist court has convicted them, but the procedure was so shady that workers of two continents have risen up and declared that these two men shall not die.

SHALL SACCO-VANZETTI DIE?

Is the great question before this nation right now. There will be a big demonstration in ten thousand cities of America and fifty million people will help answer the question. The people of Duluth will have a hand in this."

b7c

11-30-21

The meeting referred to was held in the evening of November 27th. Agent learns that there were about 250 persons in attendance. J. O. BENTALL acted as chairman and explained that the meeting was held as a protest against the conviction of these two men whose offense was that they had dared to stir up their fellow workers against the capitalist robbers. He introduced one MARTIN AHERN of Minneapolis who stated that SACCO and VANZETTI are the victims of the contest between the workers and the capitalists, and if they are executed many other workers will meet the same fate. He dwelt upon the fate of those who in the past had dared to oppose the capitalist system, mentioning the Mooney case as an example.

Another speaker, one HERBERT LEWIS was next introduced. He charged that SACCO and VANZETTI had been framed by the government because of their activity in behalf of radicals who were ordered deported, and he referred to the SALSED case. He appealed for funds to be used in the defense of SACCO and VANZETTI.

A collection amounting to \$50.00 was taken up at the meeting. BENTALL, in closing the meeting, attacked the newspaper and compared the SACCO-VANZETTI case to the MOONEY case. 67

Another radical meeting which is to be addressed by one T. WELLS, who has spent four months in Soviet Russia, is scheduled for Dec. 11 at this same hall. 67

b7c

Nov. 30-1921

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] 176

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Investigation concluded.

b7c

[REDACTED]

Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation.
P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

61-126-40
DEC 3 1921
RECEIVED

CAB:JMG

December 2, 1921

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours, with the exception of the attached clipping from the Boston Post of even date.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

Enc. 1.

Read by
DEC 3 - 1921
Wm. J. Burns

DEC 12 1921

61-126-40

RECORDED

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/MC

CJS-JWD.

Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR

NEW YORK, N. Y.

Confidential.

December 2, 1921.

61-126-

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.



In Re: Sacco-Vanzetti-Protection of Foreign
Representatives-Limitation Armament Conference.

Referring to the meeting held in behalf of Sacco
and Vanzetti at the Central Opera House, this city, on the night
of November 25th, it has been officially reported that the sum
of \$704.00 was collected, said amount being over and above the
disbursements made for printing, lease of hall, speakers, etc.

The papers of today carry an account to the effect
that an extension of time has been granted by Judge Webster
Thayer, of the Superior Court at Dedham, Mass., to the counsel
for Sacco and Vanzetti, to file a petition based on exceptions
taken by them at the trial. This extension expires on December
20th.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/21/82 BY SP-105/jmc

Yours very truly,

Edward J. Brennan
EDWARD J. BRENNAN

SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE.

Read by
DEC 3 - 1921

Wm. J. Burns

DEC 12 1921

61-126-40

RECORDED

4709

Instruction:

61-12
from Spl. Agt. [REDACTED]

Intelligence Branch

REPORT MADE AT:

New York, N.Y.

DATE WHEN MADE:

Dec. 2, 1921

PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE:

Nov. 23, 1921

REPORT MADE BY:

b2 EC

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

RE: SACCO VANZETTI: Radical Activities.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

At New York, N.Y.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-862/AG

Attended the meeting called by McCLELLAN to make final arrangements for the Demonstrations on the 25th. for

The following were present at the meeting: SPOSA, AMTER, ABLAN, FUND, MILLER, STURER.

It was decided to have as Chairman of the meeting, BIEDENKAPP and the others speak as follows:

1st-L. LORE

2nd-A. GIOVANITTI

3rd-E.G. FLYNN

4th-C. TRESCO

5th-E. OWENS

6th-J.H. HOLMES

Noted

Read by

DEC 5 - 1921

Wm. J. Burns

DEC 10 1921

61-126-409

RECORDED

HOOVER

If BITTELMAN came to the meeting he was to follow HOLMES.

They will have 800 men to sell carnations as buttons and books containing pictures, on the case. Books of the Party will also be there.

The following meeting will be held out of town on Nov. 27th at Stamford, Conn., Lyceum theatre at 2 p.m. CAROLL speaker, 96 Park St., Elizabethport(?) N.J., 2p.m. and J. CODKIN, speaker, Socialist Party hall, Yonkers, N.Y., 8 p.m. CHRIS BREWERS.

REFERENCE:

COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

Washington 3: New York 2:

(Copied-VD)

ov. 23rd, 1921

-2-

Talking to AMTER after the meeting, he said that he expected an overflow meeting as most of the Unions are coming to the Demonstration in a body. The arrangement committee will be there at 7 p.m. to act as ushers.

AMTER had to go back to the American Harbor Alliance office to work on the Program of the The Workers Unemployment Council

REPORT MADE AT: Detroit, Mich.	DATE WHEN MADE: Dec. 3, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Dec. 1, 1921	REPORT MADE BY: [REDACTED]
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: SACCO-VANZETTI AGITATION.			
FACTS DEVELOPED: At Detroit, Michigan.			
<p>On November 23, 1921, a secret conference was held at the headquarters of the Union of Russian Workers, Detroit, 1338 Holbrook Street, which was attended by seven members. During the conversation the Sacco-Vanzetti case came up for discussion. One of the men whose name could not be ascertained, vehemently denounced the inactivity of the Union of Russian Workers in connection with this case, branding them as cowards and unworthy of the name of Anarchist. He was especially bitter in his censure of the Italian comrades, who, he asserted, had promised some action and failed to keep their promises. He remarked also that all members of the jury who found Sacco and Vanzetti guilty and the judge who tried their cases, should have been killed long ago.</p> <p><i>b2 b7c</i> <i>g+r.</i></p>			
REFERENCE:		COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:	

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/18/82 BY SP-8 BT

Read by
DEC 5 - 1921
Wm. J. Burns

DEC 12 1921

61-126-410

RECORD

ATTENTION

REPORT MADE AT:

Seattle, Wash.

DATE:

'21

PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE:

Nov. 27, '21

NAT.

LM 1

W. KELLY

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

MARK LITCHMAN and

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

Members of the Communist Party America (Unified)

FACTS DEVELOPED:

AT SEATTLE:

DATE 6/21/82 BY SP-8675/mh

There follows speech made by J. C. KENNEDY, at

the SACCO-VANZETTI meeting, Room #201, Labor Temple, Seattle, Sunday, night, November 27, 1921. The meeting was presided over by MARK LITCHMAN, who is the leader in the UNITED COMMUNIST movement in Seattle. KENNEDY is also prominent in this movement, in addition to being secretary of the FARMER LABOR PARTY. At the conclusion of KENNEDY'S speech, LITCHMAN read some resolutions condemning the courts of Massachusetts, etc., for railroading SACCO and VANZETTI to the electric chair. These resolutions to be sent to the Governor of Massachusetts and the judges of the Superior Courts etc. He also read a resolution urging President Harding to release DEBS and all other war-time prisoners. A small collection was taken up for the benefit of SACCO and VANZETTI.

Read by

DEC 5 - 1921

KENNEDY spoke as follows:

"Fellow workers and comrades! The time has come when the workers in America and all over the world must rise up in their might and demand justice for themselves and see to it that no working man be sent to the electric chair for crimes which he never committed, simply because he happens to be a champion of the cause of labor. The trial of SACCO and VANZETTI in Massachusetts was a disgrace to our country. The evidence submitted at the trial was all in favor of the defendants, and not one bit of evidence was submitted to connect them up with the murder of that paymaster in any way.

These two men had been arrested and charged with that crime simply because they had aroused public sentiment against the notorious Attorney General Palmer. He wanted to get them out of his way, that was all. There were witnesses who testified that they saw SACCO and VANZETTI in Boston at the very hour the crime was committed, etc. All that availed nothing. The prisoners were kept

REFERENCE:

COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Portland; San Francisco; Los Angeles; Spokane

ORIGINAL

7-1160

"in iron cages while on trial; they were so dangerous you know. Every person who entered the court room was searched for a gun. It was feared their friends would come in and shoot up the court. All this horse-play just to arouse public sentiment against them. Then they were Italians, and every Italian is a criminal, you see. Their skins are different from ours - Then, too, they were radical. Oh horror! Radical Italians ought to be shot on the spot! So thought the Puritans in Massachusetts. The judge, also, gave the jury the instructions to do their duty at home, like the soldiers did it on the battle front in France. You see, he wanted them shot, too. That stupid baby of a jury, like most juries, did not think - the average juror does not think - and, of course, gave a verdict of guilty. We have called this meeting tonight to protest against such a farce as that. All over the world labor is protesting against the injustice of the SACCO-VANZETTI case.

Now, how does it happen that such a verdict can be rendered? Do you know that our Government has as its foundation faith and superstition? The average working man in this country is an individualist. We are individualists - we are not organized - we are afraid of our so-called government. The capitalists are not individualists. They are strongly organized. They hold together. They have all the resources of the country at their disposal. Any little thing or any person who appears or is dangerous to them must be put out of the way. He is sent to the prison to rot, like DEBS and MOONEY, or sent to the electric chair like SACCO and VANZETTI. Out of the way with them! That's their cry. Still we are superstitious and believe there is justice to be found in our courts. (How can a working man obtain justice in a capitalistic court? - Impossible! So did the Russians think, too, up to bloody Sunday in February, 1905, when they went to the winter palace of the "Little Father" and wanted to present a petition to him for more liberty and justice. Did the "Little Father" give them that? No, he gave them cold lead! - That's what they got! That's what you are getting from your courts and government. SACCO and VANZETTI get the electric chair! The Russians learned on bloody Sunday what was what, and so the revolution came. What are we going to do in this country? What is the matter with us anyhow? Why do we do like the Russians did? -- Our Government! -- Bunk! Have you noticed what the striking miners are getting from the government? Just take a look! When they go on strike against these capitalists all the capitalists do is to go to such judges as Anderson and others like him, you know who they are, and get injunctions and put in the army and gun men to shoot the miners down in cold blood. When they find it too expensive to keep these thugs to fight for them, they get the Government to send the soldiers in. Still JOHN L. LEWIS, President of the U.M.W. of A. says: 'We do not want to fight our government! So said LEE and STONE of the railroad unions, too. Don't you realize that the government is not your government. It belongs to the capitalists and they use it for their own purposes. For that reason we have such cases as the SACCO-VANZETTI case. For that reason we have the suffering among the coal miners, etc. What is the matter anyway? Who don't we change it?

"I could quit right now, still I wish to emphasize more point before I close: That is the program for the future; we must educate ourselves; we must start a movement that is revolutionary like the Russians did. Our labor movement in America is not revolutionary - it must be made such. We must scare the capitalist. Such meetings as this have that effect on them - they are afraid us. They will let up on us then and grant us some relief. Let us make our labor movement strong and revolutionary here in Seattle! We must offer the men something: We must take over the factories, the resources, everything in fact. Revolution is what counts and nothing else. Let us get together on such a program!

Investigation continued.



CJS-JWD.

Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR
NEW YORK, N. Y.

Personal-Confidential.

December 3, 1921.

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Noted
F.D.W.

RECEIVED
DEC 5 1921
DIVISION

Dear Sir: In Re: Sacco-Vanzetti-Protection of Foreign
Representatives-Limitation Armament Conference.

At Plaza Hall, Williamsburg, Brooklyn, last night, there was held a meeting in behalf of Sacco and Vanzetti, under the auspices of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers. (In my previous letter it was reported that this meeting was to be held under the auspices of the Italian Defense Committee).

At this meeting there were about two hundred persons present, most of whom were Jews. The meeting was addressed by Owens and by two Russians, and the speeches were received with very little enthusiasm, it being clearly shown that the audience was not deeply interested in the affairs of the two Italians at Dedham, Mass.

A meeting is scheduled to take place tomorrow at Yonkers, N. Y., in behalf of Sacco and Vanzetti, at 23 Palisade Avenue, under the auspices of the American Labor Alliance, the Workers Defense and the Italian Defense, and Owens is scheduled to make the principal address. This meeting will be covered by a representative of the Intelligence Division of this office.

DEC 1 - 1921

Yours very truly,

Edward J. Brennan
EDWARD J. BRENNAN
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE.

61-126-412

RECORDED

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/21/82 BY SP. 8075/mc

Read by
DEC 5 - 1921
Wm. J. Burns

Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation.
7 Water Street, Boston, Mass..

CB/D.

December 3, 1921.

Noted
F.D.W.

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from
the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments
in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to
state that no new developments have come to my at-
tention during the past twenty-four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft

Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/21/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/mc

Read by
DEC 5 - 1921
Wm. J. Burns

RECORDED



H. J. CREPEAU
CHIEF

Department of Public Safety

A. E. SMITH, COMMISSIONER

OFFICE OF

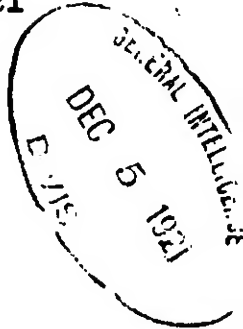
CHIEF OF POLICE

Saint Paul, Minn.

December 2, 1921



MEMBER
NATIONAL BUREAU
OF
IDENTIFICATION
WASHINGTON
D C



61-126-

Mr. W. J. Burns,
Director of Bureau of Investigation,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Your File: WJB:FMB

Acknowledging receipt of yours of October 29, 1921, re [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] I am enclosing herewith copies of letters pertaining to the information desired. b7c

A copy of the paper "L'Agitazione" is also enclosed, all of which is self-explanatory.

Yours very truly,

H. J. Crepeau
Chief of Police

HJC/W

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/21/92 BY SP-8 BTJ/mc

Read by DEC 5 - 1921 Wm. J. Burns

JAN 3

61-126-41
REC

FILE
G.F.

November 25, 1921

Chief Crepeau,

Referring to the attached letter from the Department of Justice, relative to [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] receiving copies of the publication "L' Agitazione" will state that our investigation develops that [REDACTED] used to receive this publication and was at [REDACTED] but about a month and a half ago he departed for Italy. He did get this paper, but was harmless.

In regard to [REDACTED] we learn that he now lives [REDACTED], having mood from his address on [REDACTED]. He did get this publication until about two weeks ago; since then he claims that he did not get it any more.

There is no doubt about his being very radical but in our opinion, is not dangerous. He works for the [REDACTED] of this city, as a [REDACTED].

We attach hereto a copy of the publication "L' Agitazione".

Respectfully,

Smith & Pugleasa.

C O P Y

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/21/82 BY SP-8075/mc

()

Department of Justice,

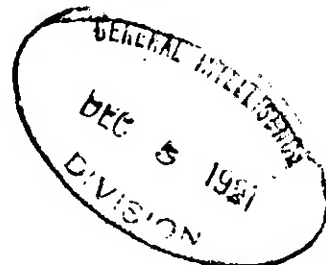
Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

December 1, 1921.

Noted
F.D.W.



William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

61-176

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/4/82 BY SP-9 BJS/HC

61-126-415

RECEIVED

61-126
GPR. JR.

December 5, 1941

Mr. Charles A. Bancroft,
Box 5185,
Boston, Mass.

Dear Sir -

Will you kindly ascertain, at the earliest possible moment, the citizenship of Alessandro Bernarde
and the citizenship of Mrs. Bernarde

As the State Department is particularly interested in receiving this information, will you kindly forward with ut delay?

Yours very truly,

W. F. Burns

Director.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/21/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/mc

61-126-
41

GFR:JDS

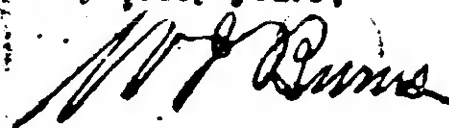
61-126-
Mr. J. E. Daly,
Box 273,
St. Paul, Minn.

Dear Sir:

According to information which I have received from a confidential source, meetings are being held at 607 Jackson St., St. Paul, every Saturday in the interest of Sacco and Vanzetti.

If these meetings are not already receiving attention by your office, kindly ascertain the nature of same.

Very truly yours,



Director.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 4/21/02 BY SP-9 BTJ/ML

61-126-417

61-126-4
GFR:JDS

December 8, 1941.

Mr. Bliss Norton,
Federal Building,
Cleveland, O.

Dear Sir:

According to information which I have received from a confidential source, meetings are being held at 5610 Scoville Avenue, Cleveland, every Tuesday in the interest of Sacco and Vanzetti.

If these meetings are not already receiving attention by your office, kindly ascertain the nature of same.

Very truly yours,

W. J. C. Quinn
Director.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/21/82 BY SP-8 BJS/muc

61-126-4
418

Subject:

Post Office Department

E. Honvery
Inspector

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR

CASE NO.

81380

New York Division.
New York, N. Y., November 14, 1921.

Hon. J. E. Hoover,
Spec. Asst Attorney General,
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Hoover:

I transmit herewith for your information a copy of a circular taken from a package of about two dozens, addressed to [REDACTED] (present address) [REDACTED]

The original circular was forwarded to me by the postmaster, Hartford, Connecticut, who has withheld from delivery the package in question pending further instructions from me. As this is a matter for the Solicitor for the Post Office Department to decide, I have referred the circular to him for his ruling as to its mailability.

Very truly yours,

JAN 18 1922

E. Honvery
Post Office Inspector.

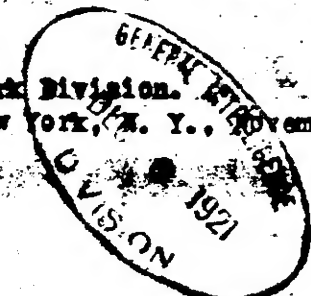
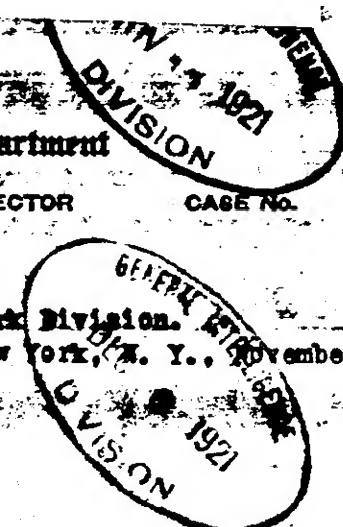
RECORDED

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b7c



FELLOW-WORKERS AND COMRADES

The plutocracy is again challenging us. Our brothers Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti are condemned to die in the electric chair. Rotting in a jail at Dedham, Mass. they are waiting the day when the executioner throws on the electric switch and finishes the bloody job of the Secret Service.

Sacco and Vanzetti are the latest victims of the White Terror, the latest victims of the Drive against the Reds. Afraid of public condemnation the bloodthirsty servants of plutocracy did not dare to kill our fellow-workers directly as they killed Andrea Salsedo after they had kept him incommunicado and maltreated him for two months in a secret jail in New York. This time they went carefully to work. They intend to kill our friends morally and legally. With the help of a sanctimonious henchman of the legal fraternity they succeeded to influence twelve upholders of the plutocratic system to condemn our brothers on the framed-up charge of robbery.

In fastening this crime on Sacco and Vanzetti the Secret Service intends to achieve two victories: to prejudice the public against the social rebels and to cover up its own criminal action.

Fellow-workers, keep this in mind; in the person of Sacco and Vanzetti the white Terror is reaching its fangs against every one of us. Their case is our case.

The diabolical plan to get rid of them, on the framed-up charge of robbery, is a blow against every radical movement in America. Previous pamphlets made you acquainted with the history of the case. Now is the time for action.

It will be too late for protest after the bodies of our comrades are rotting in the soil of New England, after they are silenced into death with the stigma of common crime on their memory. If we cannot prevent that dastardly conspiracy against two of our brothers, and indirectly against the militant movement in America, none of us will be safe. An accusation like that against Sacco and Vanzetti can be concocted by the Secret Service against any Social Rebel.

Remember the Chicago martyrs of 1887; remember the fate of Tom Mooney, Billings and other fellow-workers who are spending their days in the jails of plutocracy. Have you forgotten the fate of Joe Hillstrom and Frank Little?

To carry on the legal phase of the case money is necessary. The expenses are high, yet necessary. But as much as the defence is in need of money, of far greater importance is a swift protest through the country. The bloodhounds of plutocracy feel themselves secure in their position. The only way to counteract their nefarious plans is to awaken the public conscience.

Fellow-workers and comrades: Sighs, tears and expressions of lament will not change the situation. What we need is action.

Organize protest meetings in every community. We must accept the challenge of the Secret Service and force it come in the open air before the court of public opinion.

Friends of Freedom.

CJS-JWD.

Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR

NEW YORK, N. Y.

READ BY W. J. B.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE

NOV 23 1921

DECLASSIFIED BY *SP-2013/100*

November 21, 1921.

State 11/22/21
William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

In Re: Sacco-Vanzetti. Protection of Foreign
Representatives-Limitation of Amusement Conference.

✓ This is to inform you that the Intelligence Division
of this office has reported the departure of Marshal Foch from this
city late last night.

During the stay of Marshal Foch here he attended many
public gatherings throughout the entire city, at all of which there
were a number of agents assigned to keep careful watch for any
attempted violence on the part of any radicals or cranks, and also
to determine whether any demonstration by any Anarchist organization
or otherwise, was contemplated, or any attempt made to distribute
radical literature.

The report made to me shows that at no time was any
attempt made to interfere with the Marshal other than a few over-
zealous women who made efforts to meet him, nor was any attempt
noted by any radical group to either cause a demonstration or to
distribute literature at any place visited.

At all gatherings the agents were distributed
throughout the audience and all suspicious looking persons were
kept under surveillance.

✓ The final arrangements have been completed by the
radical organizations for the meeting to be held on Friday evening,
November 25th, at the Central Opera House in behalf of Sacco and
Vanzetti. This gathering will be attended by the agents of the
Intelligence Division and you will be advised accordingly.

I am attaching herewith, copies of articles appearing
in the New York World for Sunday, November 20th, and for today, RECORD
which articles purport to be an investigation made by one Samuel
Spewack, Staff Correspondent of the New York World, concerning his

RC 1-6-1
Smith Rannerman asking for
attention to manuscript paragraph that is
quoting these paragraphs

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES

2/12/1922

(57)

W. -J. Burns,

Sacco-Vanzetti

November 21, 1921.

Investigations of the activities of Morris Gebelow, alias Eugene Lyons, Frank Lopez and Aldini Feliciani.

X X X
Yours very truly,

Edward J. Brennan
EDWARD J. BRENNAN

SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE.

83379

REPORT MADE AT: Hartford, Conn.	DATE WHEN MADE: 12/5/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 12/4/21	REPORT MADE BY: [REDACTED] b7c
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: SACCO-VANZETTI Protection of Foreign Representatives at Limitation of Armament Conference.			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <p>At Hartford, Conn.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Continuing this report previously made on</p> <p>December 2nd, 1921, Agent attended the mass meeting on the afternoon of December 4th, which was held by the HARTFORD SYMPATHIZER of NICOLA SACCO and BARTOLOMEO VANZETTI, at the Grand Theatre, Hartford, Conn. The meeting was held under the auspices of the SACCO-VANZETTI DEFENSE COMMITTEE, Hartford, Conn., which is said to be composed of representatives from twenty one Labor Organizations, who believe in the innocence of SACCO and VANZETTI. The meeting scheduled to convene at 2 o'clock did not begin until 2.45, at which time the theatre was almost entirely occupied, and the attendance was thought, by the manager of the theatre, to number about eight hundred and fifty (850) persons.</p> <p>The stage was occupied by nineteen (19) alleged delegates of Labor Organizations, most of whom appeared to be either foreign born or of foreign extraction, while the appearance of one or two indicated that they might probably have been born in the United States.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Read by DEC 6 - 1921</p> <p>Wm. J. Burns</p> <p>[REDACTED] prior to the convening of the meeting circulars entitled "AMERICA'S CONSCIENCE", Comments on the SACCO-VANZETTI, verdict, were passed amongst the audience. These pamphlets consisted</p>			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: 3-Wash, 2-New York, 2-Boston, 1-Htfd.		

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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 DATE 6/21/82 BY SP-861

of what are termed "editorials", alleged to have appeared in the following publications, in the following dates, all of which indicated sympathy for SACCO and VANZETTI, in their efforts to secure a new trial,-

THE NEW REPUBLIC, dated August 10th, 1921.
THE NEW REPUBLIC, dated September 7th, 1921.
BOSTON AMERICAN, dated August 15th, 1921.
THE WORLD TOMORROW, August, no date.
THE VOICE OF LABOR, dated July 22nd, 1921.
THE BUTTE, MONTANA BULLETIN, dated July 29th, 1921.
THE BOSTON HERALD, dated August 21st, 1921.

These pamphlets also contained articles alleged to have been written by J.A. HOPKINS, National Chairman of the COMMITTEE OF FORTY EIGHT, in a letter to the press. PROFESSOR CLARENCE R. SKINNER, who reported the trial for the NEW YORK EVENING POST, his article appearing in the SURVEY, of AUGUST 16th, 1921. REV. CHARLES F. DOLE, prominent writer on religious and sociological subjects, in a letter to the BOSTON HERALD, of August 3rd, 1921. MRS. HANNAH TERESA ROWLEY, in a letter to the Boston Herald of August 25th, 1921. ALEX DOYLE, in a letter to the Boston Herald of August 4th, 1921. ALEXANDER HOWAT, President of District 14, United Mine Workers of America, Kansas, in a letter to the SACCO-VANZETTI, Defense Committee, August 5th, 1921. DR. SAMUEL ELIOT MORRISON, Lecturer on history Harvard University, in a letter to ELIZABETH GLENDOWER EVANS, July 20th, 1921.

On the last page of this pamphlet is printed an outline of the SACCO-VANZETTI case, and this pamphlet was printed under the auspices of the SACCO-VANZETTI DEFENSE COMMITTEE Box 34 Hanover Station, Boston, Mass.

12/4/21

Page 3

SACCO-VANZETTI MATTER

RADICAL MATTER.

PER NELSON, M.D. (Naturopathic Physician) of 561 Main Street, Hartford, Connecticut, was the chairman of the meeting. (IN PREVIOUS REPORTS ON THIS SUBJECT MATTER, DR. D.H. NELSON, Chiropractor, 1026 Main Street, Hartford, Connecticut, has been referred to, and at that time it was believed that it was DR. D.H. NELSON, who was active in the SACCO-VANZETTI MATTER. However, to avoid confusion in reports and to establish the unimpaired reputation of DR. D.H. NELSON, in this matter, and to avoid his connection with same, this information is cited.)

PER NELSON explained to the audience that the object of the meeting was to place the true facts in the SACCO-VANZETTI matter, before the friends in Hartford, and that it was proposed to collect funds to pay the expenses of the meeting and to turn the remainder over to the SACCO-VANZETTI DEFENSE COMMITTEE. He then introduced as the first speaker LOUIS QUINTILIANO, of New York City, who spoke in the Italian language. The trend of his speech was not learned, but it was not violent , judging from the reception it received on the part of the audience. He evidently engaged himself with ridiculing the evidence brought forward by the COMMONWEALTH of MASSACHUSETTS, in its case against SACCO and VANZETTI. His remarks were intermittently greeted with applause and more often with laughter. This speaker began his address at 2.45 P.M. and closed at 3.45 P.M. The next speaker was introduced by PER NELSON, as F.G. BIRDENKOFF or F.G. BIRDENKOPP, New York City, who made known that he was Treasurer of the NEW YORK WORKERS DEFENSE

UNION. The speaker placed before his hearers what he called were the true facts of the SACCO-VANZETTI case. He ridiculed the evidence introduced, saying that he was a witness during the entire course of the trial, and that he had made certain investigations in the matter, with a view to determining whether or not certain statements made by SACCO and VANZETTI, in their defense were true; that he found them to be true, and believing in their innocence was actuated in touring New England in their behalf. He also traced the lives of SACCO and VANZETTI, during ~~their~~ their residence in New England, saying that both had been conscious of the plight of the workers, and that they could be found wherever a labor trouble arose championing the cause of the workers. In this way they acquired the reputation of "AGITATORS", and gained the hostility of the police.

He stated that SACCO and VANZETTI, were arrested on May 5th, 1920, the day following the death of ANDREA SALSEDO, who was found dead on the side walk in front of the Park Row Building. He stated that SACCO and VANZETTI, upon learning of the death of their friend ANDREA SALSEDO, proceeded to New York City, for the purpose of investigating the causes of his death. Up to this time the whereabouts of ANDREA SALSEDO, were unknown, the speaker said, to his family and comrades, and that ANDREA SALSEDO had been taken into custody by the Agents of the Department of Justice, without due process of law, and had been illegally confined in the offices of the Department of Justice, on the 14th Floor of the Park Row Building, New York City, for six or eight weeks. He stated that

12/4/21

Page 5

SACCO-VANZETTI

RADICAL MATTER.

ANDREA SALSEDO, had been subjected to the third degree at the hands of the Agents of the Department of Justice, and the speaker then explained to his hearers the meaning of the third degree, i.e. physically assaulting the person to be put under the third degree, kicking and punching him, preventing him securing sleep or rest, placing food before him and withdrawing same. All of this for the purpose of securing a confession. He stated that ANDREA SALSEDO, was found dead in front of the Park Row Building, in which the office of the Department of Justice was located, and he charged the death of ANDREA SALSEDO to the Agents of the Department of Justice.

He then stated that upon the departure of SACCO and VANZETTI, that they were followed by Agents of the Department of Justice, to Boston, Mass. About this time robberies were occurring around the United States, and a robbery having taken place in South Braintree, Mass., the police immediately instituted an investigation to determine the guilty parties, and not having any success, upon learning of the presence of SACCO and VANZETTI, charged them with the crime and placed them under arrest.

This speaker in the major portion of his address was more or less tame, but in commenting on the Department of Justice as a branch and upon the Agents of the Department of Justice, as members of same, he entered into a severe arraignment of their conduct in the case of ANDREA SALSEDO. He charged that the SACCO-VANZETTI case was the workings of capitalists system through the Chambers of Commerce and the Government and alleged it to be a frame-up for the purpose of ~~keep~~ keeping down the working classes.

He also stated that if SACCO and VANZETTI, were "railroaded" to the electric chair, that he hoped, instead of two thousand (2000) comrades marching, as they did in Paris, that there would be two million (2,000,000) marching in the United States. This last remark was received with tumultuous applause. This speaker concluded his remarks at about 5.15 P.M. and challenged the Department of Justice to refute the statements he made, which he claimed were facts.

PER NELSON, then read to the audience a resolution which had been prepared, and he called upon all in favor to raise their hands, and those opposed to stand up, no one was observed to stand and it seems as though all present approved. A collection was taken up amounting to \$294.50. ROSE BECKER, mentioned in previous reports in this case was active on the floor, in assigning persons to their seats, and in collecting funds.

CASE CLOSED.

Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

Read by

DEC 6 - 1921

Wm. J. Burns

December 5, 1921.

CAB:JMC

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the
Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the
SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new
developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-
four hours.

Yours very truly

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/21/82 BY SP-80TJ/wh

DEC 16 1921


61-126-42

RECORDED



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REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 12-6-21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 11-25	REPORT MADE BY: [REDACTED]
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: IN RE: SACCO-VANZETTI Anarchist Activities			
<div style="text-align: right;">b2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; float: right; text-align: center;"> ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE <u>6/23/92</u> BY <u>SP-8 BDK</u> <small>506212/UC 1-15-86 C.V. 246 317</small> </div> <div style="clear: both;"></div>			
FACTS DEVELOPED:			
<p>Today talked with Elizabeth Gurley Flynn of the Workers Defense, regarding the Sacco-Vanzetti meeting and she stated she received \$300 in checks.</p> <p>Tonight attended the above meeting, arriving at 7.30P.M. so as not to be asked to take any important part in same. Upon arrival found McClellan in charge, with the committees acting as ushers. Mingled among the crowds for the purpose of securing their opinions regarding the meeting, and found them to be in a peaceful mood.</p> <p>Elizabeth Gurley Flynn acted as the Chairman of the meeting, stating same was being held under the auspices of the American Labor Alliance, Workers Defense and Italian Defense Committees. Arturo Giovannitti spoke in Italian, after which Biedenkapp spoke at some length on the Sacco-Vanzetti trial, stating he had been in attendance at the trial, and went on to criticise the authorities, and especially the Department of Justice, for having mistreated Salsedo, and causing his death, etc. Ludwig Lore also spoke, his speech dealing mostly with the 3d International. Owens then made the closing speech, but did not mention anything of value.</p> <p>A collection taken up amounted to \$740.60 and the sum of \$76.46 collected from the sale of Sacco-Vanzetti Buttons. During the course of the meeting several of those in attendance started to</p>			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Washington -3- New York -2-		

 for November 25, 1921.

Sacco-Vanzetti.

sing, and it was later learned they were members of the Young Peoples Socialist League of the Bronx. There were also some from the Italian Defense Committee.

Elizabeth Gurley Flynn took charge of the money collected, and left in a taxi for her home. She was asked if she was satisfied, and said she was more than pleased, and after this will cooperate with these groups more often as to the class struggle,

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c

Department of Justice,

Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

December 6, 1921.

Recd
F.D.W.

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the
Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the
SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new
developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-
four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/21/82 BY SP-8015/mc

DEC 12 1921

61-126-42
RECORDED

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE
DIVISION
DEC 7 1921

gtr

REPORT MADE AT: Pittsburgh, Pa.	DATE WHEN MADE: Dec. 6, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Dec. 5, 1921	REPORT MADE BY: [REDACTED]
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: SACCO-VANZETTI MEETING,			
FACTS DEVELOPED: AT PITTSBURGH, PA.		Pittsburgh, Pa. DEC 9 1921 DIVISION	
<p>The following report was received from a local operative:-</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>"Sunday, December 4th, 1921.</p> <p>I went to Reed and Miller Streets and to the Jewish Labor Lyceum where a meeting was to be held in protest against the authorities of an in-justice to two Italians awaiting death sentence. The spokesman introduced an Italian as the first speaker of the evening. He spoke in the Italian language. Every once in a while I would understand a word such as "American, President Wilson, California, etc". He seemed to be very much worked up in his speech. He talked for about 15 minutes, when the police came in and stopped the meeting.</p> <p>It seems that they were ordered in the afternoon not to hold the meeting at all by the police department. This meeting was to have been held in the large hall, but it was started on the third floor in a small hall with a gathering of about two hundred men and women. The meeting started at 8:35 P.M. and was stopped by the police at 8:50 P.M.</p> <p>While walking around through the gathering crowd, I heard two or three men in one group talking about the starving Russians. One of them said that he thought there were about 65,000,000 people here in this country who would be willing to give a dollar toward the</p>			
REFERENCE:	ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/21/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/mk		

cause. The rest, he said, were the moneyed people and wanted to see the country crushed. He said that Hoover went into the country of Hungary with the intention of crushing it, and was successful and that Hoover was in Russia now for the same purpose.

In another group of three or four men, I overheard them talking about the conference now being held in the city of Washington. They were saying that the disarming of the different countries was only a small item - the question of most importance was the employment of the entire world.

One of them said that the whole European world was bankrupt, and that America had control of 90% of the world's money.

Another group I heard were talking about the coming war, he mentioned Japan. He said again the working man and boy would put on the fool's uniform and be dragged off to fight for the moneyed men. One of them said that the United States was on top now and dictating to the world, but after this war that is coming, England will be on top with Lloyd George as dictator of the entire world.

I heard several men talking about Debs, now in the Federal prison at Atlanta, Ga. One said that Debs was given the opportunity to go to Washington alone in his own behalf. He said that Debs was given this opportunity to go to Washington without a guard, and as much as told to beat it out of the country, as Haywood had done. But, he said that Debs was too honest, as he had gone to prison for a good cause, and was a hero to the people that followed his belief.

ADDRESS
THE ATTORNEY
AND
INITIALS

61-126 3
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

JEH-220

November 4, 1931.

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. RUCH.

Notes
P.D. #

Mr. BAMCOCK, American Vice-Consul at Rome, called on the 28th ultimo concerning the activities of one MORRIS ALPEROW who he stated had been in Rome during the early part of this year, obtaining depositions of various Italians for use in the Sacco-Vanzetti trial in Massachusetts. One WISLAPPE ADROWER or Fercina, Italy, was brought to the Embassy and made a deposition to the effect that he had been employed in the Italian Consul's office in Boston and Sacco had called for a passport or visa on the day when the murder occurred in Mass. This you will note was to be used as a complete alibi for Sacco at the trial. Mr. Bamcock said that so far as he could ascertain Alperow was perfectly C. I. but that Gelelow was a particularly active Bolshevik, as he put it. I find in our editorial file that we have some information on Gelelow, but no information that he has returned to the United States. I, therefore, suggest that you thoroughly investigate the activities of Gelelow and ascertain his whereabouts at the present time, as I believe it would be of peculiar interest at the present time.

Respectfully,

J. E. H.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/21/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/mh

61-126-42

RECORDED

41

Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation.

Boston, Mass.,
November 26, 1921.

CAB:JJC.

MC. a
Read by
NOV 29 1921
Wm. J. Burns

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the
Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the
S. 100 and W. 1000000 matter, I desire to state that no new
developments have come to my attention during the past twenty
four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bunker
Charles A. Bunker,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/21/82 BY SP-805/mc



RECORDED.

61-126
Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

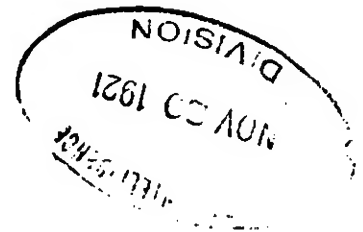
ad by
NOV 28 1921

Wm. J. Burns

CAB:JMC

November 25, 1921.

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.



Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/21/82 BY SP8RJS/mc

61-126-428

RECORDED

61-1 0 me
Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

November 28, 1921. EC

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Recd
F.D.B.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the
Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the
SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new
developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-
four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/21/82 BY SP800/mh

61-126-42
RECORDED

Read by
NOV 29 1921
Wm. J. Burns

61-126

Department of Justice,

Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

November 29, 1921.

Read by
NOV 30 1921
Wm. J. Burns

Noted
C. J. W.

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

DEC 1-1921

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft.
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/21/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/mk

RECORDED

61-126-430

DEC 1-1921

6 P.M.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

November 21, 1921.

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/21/82 BY SP8BTS/mh

RECORDED

61-126-431

December 8, 1921

Mr. Charles A. Banoroff,
Box 5122,
Boston, Mass.

Dear Sir:

For your information in connection with your observation of the activities and interests of Saboteurs, there is enclosed herewith copy of a report which the Military Intelligence Division of the War Department received from a reliable source in Switzerland, dated October 26, 1921, October 27, 1921, and November 2, 1921.

Yours very truly,



Director.

Encl.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 4/21/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/mj

RECORDED

61-126-40

DEC 8 1921 A.M.	
DEPT. OF JUSTICE	
	FILE

GFR-JDS December 3, 1921.

ATTENTION MR. HOOVER.

61-12

REPORT MADE AT: Washington, D.C.	DATE WHEN MADE: 12/7/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 12/3-7/21	REPORT MADE BY: [REDACTED]
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: ALLEGED SACCO-VANZETTI MEETINGS			
FACTS DEVELOPED: AT WASHINGTON, D.C. -			
<p>Reference is made to Bureau memorandum, initialed GFR:JDS, dated Dec. 3, 1921, in which it is alleged that SACCO-VANZETTI sympathizers have been holding meetings at [REDACTED] this city, on the 1st and 3rd Thursdays of each month.</p> <p>I made careful inquiry in reference to this matter and find that this address is the home of [REDACTED] is an employee of the Census Office. I am advised that there are no meetings held at his home except occasionally on Sunday afternoons when a Masonic Club meets there.</p> <p>I respectfully suggest that an error has been made in the Street number in this case. I know that at 811 E St., N.W., there have been occasional meetings in the interest of Sacco and Vanzetti. At this place a number of radical societies, among which are the Soviet Friends of Russia, the Russian Medical Relief Society, the Secular League, etc. hold meetings there and I have under cover information that at some of these meetings collections have been taken up in behalf of Sacco and Vanzetti case, and no doubt the informant means 811 E St., N.W. If so, this place has been closely watched by me for a considerable time.</p> <p>Roma Lodge, Sons of Italy, meeting at the corner of 5th & G Sts. N.W., on Sunday afternoon, are also Sacco-Vanzetti sympathizers and collections have been taken up by them. Awaiting instructions. RECORDED</p>			
REFERENCE:	ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED		

DATE 6/21/82 BY SP-805/MG ORIGINAL

DEC 10 1921

DEC 10 1921
DIVISION

Noted
D.D.W.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

_____ Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deleted under exemption(s) _____ with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

2 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
61-126-434 was provided to you with our
letter dated September 7, 1988

- ☐ For your information: _____
- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
61-126-434

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 X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
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OFFICE OF
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

CJS-JWD.

Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR

NEW YORK, N. Y.

Confidential

SLIP(S) OF

DATE

November 12, 1921.

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

In Re: Sacco-Vanzetti - Protection of
Foreign Representatives, Limitation of
Armament Conference.

Dear Sir:

I am attaching herewith, a clipping from the New York
World of even date, concerning the Sacco-Vanzetti Case. I am
advised that Samuel Spewack, the writer of this series of articles
is a pronounced Socialist.

I am also attaching copy of a circular being distri-
buted in this city entitled "Save Sacco and Vanzetti"; also a
pamphlet entitled "The Story of the Sacco-Vanzetti Case", said
pamphlet being sent to various organizations for the use of speakers
and writers, in behalf of the two defendants.

No known meetings are scheduled for today in behalf
the aforementioned criminals, and it is quite probable that none
be held until the monster mass meeting at Central Opera House on
Friday, November 25th.

Yours very truly,

DECLASSIFIED BY SP-1 BTJ/mcm
ON 6/21/82

DEC 17 1921

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE BY

EDWARD J. BRENNAN
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE.

61-126-4

68-512-174
Page 1. LHS
DEC 17 1921
RECEIVED
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

REPORT MADE AT: Cleveland, O.	DATE WHEN MADE: 12/6/21.	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 12/6/21.	REPORT MADE BY: Bliss Morton
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: SACCO-VANZETTI ACTIVITIES, Cleveland, Ohio.			
FACTS DEVELOPED: [REDACTED] b2 b7C Agent refers to letter from the Director (GFR-JDS) dated the 3rd instant, in which it is stated that from a confidential source information had been received in Washington that meetings were held every Tuesday evening at 5610 Scovill Ave., Cleveland in the interests of SACCO and VANZETTI. Agent had this matter taken up with a confidential source of information. This under-cover man is alleged to be in close connection with the majority of the radicals in Cleveland. Agent would states that 5610 Scovill Ave. is the address of the Socialist Labor Lyceum; apparently it was formerly a dwelling house having some ten or twelve rooms. Agent does not know whether the old Socialist Party some years ago purchased or leased this building, but it has been operated for several years as a meeting place of Socialists, near Socialists and ultra-radicals. The Garment Workers, Pattern Makers, Butchers Union, Cap Makers and other Unions not affiliated with the American Federation of Labor have regular meetings here. The under-cover operative again made due inquiry and was unable to find that any regular SACCO VANZETTI meetings are being held at this address on Tuesday nights or any other night. He states, however, that at the meetings of some of these unions the SACCO-VANZETTI case is frequently mentioned sometimes from the floor of the meeting and sometimes in conversations between members of the meetings, before and after the meetings. He			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Wash. - 3.		

DEC 17 1921
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RECORDED
971

Bliss Morton.

-2-

12/6/21.

stated that he was quite certain that no meetings have been called at this address specifically to take up the SACCO-VANZETTI matter and does not know of any collections that have been taken there for the SACCO-VANZETTI fund.

✓ 61-726 46

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 12-8-21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 11-25	REPORT MADE BY: b2
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: IN RE: SACCO-VANZETTI PROTEST MEETING Radical Activities			

Read by -
DEC 9 - 1921
Wm. J. Burns

DEC 10 1921

FACTS DEVELOPED:

Tonight attended meeting at Central Opera House, 205 E. 67th Street, where about 1200 were present. Elizabeth Gurley Flynn acted as the chairman, and stated the meeting was being held under the auspices of the American Labor Alliance, Workers Defense Union and Italian Defense Committee. She went on to state that the European workers had to waken the American workers to demonstrate and demand the freedom of Sacco and Vanzetti, just as the Russian workers had done for Tom Mooney.

Arturo Giovanitti then made a speech in Italian, after which Fred Biedenkapp spoke, and in the course of his speech charged there is no justice in this country, and referred to the Department of Justice as the "Department of Injustice", as having murdered Salsedo. He also went on to state that Sacco and Vanzetti did not kill the paymaster, but that such things are done by ex-service men, and he does not blame anyone for committing such a robbery. In concluding his speech he stated "They may electrocute Sacco and Vanzetti and others, but they will not stop the coming revolution."

Elizabeth Gurley Flynn then made an appeal for funds and over \$700 was collected.

Ludwig Lore was the next speaker, and during the course of his speech advocated mass action for the liberation of the class

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DATE 7/9/82 BY SP6 BJA/luc
3-19-86 C.N. 246,217

THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:
Washington -3- New York -2-

REC-6

b2
[redacted] for November 25, 1921. Sacco-Vanzetti.

its work in Europe on behalf of the Sacco-Vanzetti Case and bringing the workers to Mass Action.

Edgar Owens then made a short address, and explained how the workers of Germany freed Carl Liebknecht from prison, and advised the audience to go and do likewise.

The meeting was adjourned at 11 P. M. During the meeting a number of persons from the International Young Peoples Socialist League, headed by one Manny Touster, of 741 Jennings Ave. Bronx, sang radical songs. [redacted] and wife sold Communist literature which they secured at the office of the "Toiler". [redacted] sold I.W.O. literature which he secured from [redacted] at 96 E. 10th Street. At the meeting saw [redacted]
[redacted]

Secured copy of a Russian Anarchist publication from [redacted] who had about 10 copies, and who stated he had sold some and given away others, some being the second edition of the publication printed in this city.

[redacted] b7c was also at the meeting and stated there were a number of Police and agents of the Department of Justice present in the hall, and expected a riot, stating if such a thing happened he would stand and fight against the police. He stood at the entrance to the stage as if he expected some trouble.
b2
[redacted]

Department of Justice,

Bureau of Investigation.

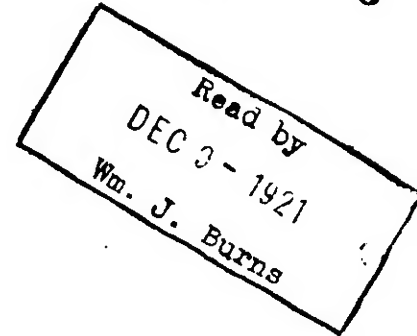
P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

December 7, 1921.

Noted

D.W.



William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

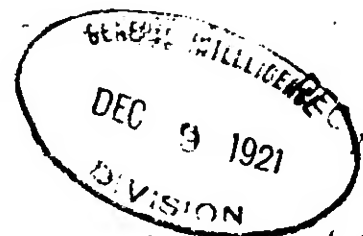
Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-9875/MK



61-126-43
61-126-43

December 8, 1921

Mr. Chas. A. Banoreft,
Box 3186,
Boston, Mass.

Dear Sir -

Reference is made to your previous communication advising of the departure from Detroit, Michigan, of certain members of the Union of Russian Workers for the purpose of going to Boston in the interests of Sacco-Vanzetti.

For further information, there is enclosed a copy of a report of Agent [redacted], at Detroit, Mich., for December 3rd, concerning the SACCO-VANZETTI ASSOCIATION.

Yours very truly,

J. Edgar Hoover
Director.

Encl.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/23/92 BY SP-8 BTJ/pwh

61-126-43

Department of Justice,

Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

Read by
DEC 9 - 1921
Wm. J. Burns

CAB:JMC

December 8, 1921.

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Noted
F.D.V.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

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Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE
DIVISION
DEC 9 1921

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DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8BT/mk

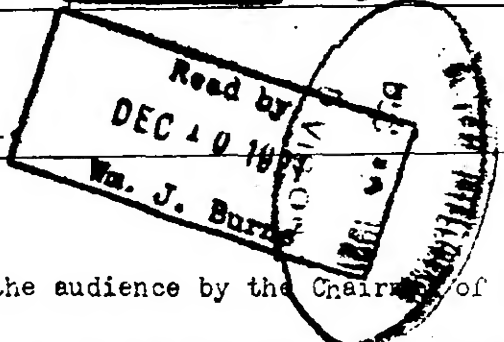
DEC 10 1921

61-126-440

RECORDED

FILE
F.B.I.

REPORT MADE AT: Milwaukee, Wis.	DATE WHEN MADE: Dec. 1, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Nov. 27, 1921	REPORT MADE BY: [REDACTED] <i>MPM</i> 670
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: SACCO-VANZETTI MEETING, AUSPICES AMERICAN LABOR ALLIANCE, FREI GEMEINDE HALL, 4th & State Sts., Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 27, 1921			
FACTS DEVELOPED: At Milwaukee, Wis.			
<p>The speaker was introduced to the audience by the Chairman of the evening, who was unknown to Agent except as a member of the local I.W.O. organization, members of which were very much in evidence, the meeting was held under the auspices of the I.W.O.</p> <p>[REDACTED] of Chicago, Ill., the speaker of the evening spoke as follows:</p> <p>"Comrades and friends: One, perhaps, of the things which is outstanding in the development of world movements and world affairs, is the quickness with which things flash around the world. The case of Sacco-Vanzetti, like many other cases with which we have been confronted in America, is a case which is drawing attention of the entire world. It seems when we look at the progress of this movement in America, and when we look over the field and see what has been taking place in Europe, when we see the demonstrations that have been held in Paris, when we see the demonstrations that have been held in Rome--in all of the various European countries, and then when we look back at America and see that practically nothing has been done up to the present time, it shows us the necessity of the working class being aroused. It shows us the necessity of calling together the working class from all parts of the country, and to-night while we are holding this meeting at Milwaukee we want to remember that under the auspices of the American Labor Alliance meetings are being held in every city of size in the United States.</p> <p>"Now, if we look back, and to get the background of the Sacco-Vanzetti case we have to look back and take a brief view of the insane, if you please, activities, and of the emotions with which the country was filled about the time the country signed the Armistice and a little before that, and at the period immediately following it. Those of you that have been close to and familiar with the labor movement and with the working class movement throughout the country recognize that no sooner had the war let up, and following that when it seemed to many people that the time that had passed away, the emotions, if you please, that had followed that war were tremendous, and so we find following the war there was an organization that perhaps did more of its active work following the war than before the war. That organization was the Palmer organization.</p> <p>"You know that Palmer, a man who comes from an organization that was supposed to be strictly Christian in its nature, that its precept and the basis of its religion was to do good unto others, became the head or the attorney for the United States government, and as such the line of stuff that was put out, the red</p>			
REFERENCE: Washington 2	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Milwaukee 1, Chicago 1		



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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP8BJS

11-12-44

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Nov. 27, 1921

and the explosions that he spoke about swept over the country. You know that whenever there was a movement coming forward; before May Day, before Labor Day before other days of celebration, we could pick up the capitalist press and we could discover where Palmer and his agents had discovered bombs throughout the United States. We could read where the Reds were organizing to overthrow the States government by force. Palmer knew all about that; his Agents of the Department of Justice knew all about that. Yet when we look back over the history we find the only explosions that took place took place in the minds of Palmer and his Agents; that as far as the working class are concerned, the working class were not planting bombs; and yet they were planting bombs that were causing more uneasiness than if they had really been dynamite. So we find that wherever there were thinking workers; where workers were banding themselves together into labor organizations, into organizations to study and to understand the working-class movement; we find those were denounced in those institutions, and in those words we find those whom became the victims of Palmer's organization, and so we read the papers of those who were imprisoned; we read in the papers of the comrade who plunged from the fourteenth story of a building in New York.

"This comrade who was imprisoned by Palmer and his agents happened to be an Italian workingman. He was held in this upper room by the agents of the Department of Justice; he was beaten; he was mistreated by the Agents of the Department of Justice; and, finally, as a result of his treatment, he plunged from that fourteenth story window to the floor below. The question has been asked by thousands: did this man plunge to the street below of his own free will, or was he murdered and thrown to the street below to cover up acts of the Department of Justice? Did Salsedo die of his own free will, or did he jump from that window? We find just a day before he took this plunge he had been successful in getting a communication from up there to the working class, and among those who had received this communication were two other Italian workingmen, Sacco and Vanzetti.

"These men had been active in the labor movement in the East and they were working to organize mass meetings against the foul treatment of Salsedo and against the foul treatment of their countrymen, and this man plunged to the pavement and was picked up a mass of bleeding flesh; and a short time after Sacco and Vanzetti were caught distributing literature seeking to bring this matter to the people of this country. They were arrested. Why? There was a problem they were confronted with also. We find if we look into the time, the place, where our Pilgrim Fathers landed in the hope of freedom and where they hoped to go and develop their ideas and become a free people, we find there has been a condition been developed there--so if we look over the class conflict we find that some of the most severe class battles have been fought in the New England states. There was a place where the working class and the master class were at odds. These men, one a shoe worker and the other a fish peddler, at least at the time of his arrest, were two who recognized the class struggle. They were two who recognized the conditions of the working class and spent a great deal of time in seeking to organize them. So they were dangerous elements to the master class, and so the problem came up as to how could be the means of getting them out of the way. So they were arrested, and the first charges that were placed against them was not the charges of murder, but the first things they were arrested for and the first things they were questioned about was that they had in their possession radical literature; that they had been appearing in radical meetings, and that they were known as radicals in that part of the country. The thing was that they were put in the hands of Palmer and his agents with the idea of fastening something on them. But when Salsedo plunged from that window, when it came that the working class was about to show the world

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Nov. 27, 1921

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of the acts that were being perpetrated by the Department of Justice, Palmer and his aids commenced to think they might be getting in bad, and so they commenced to look around to find some means of getting out of this vicious circle they were in. They recognized that they had stirred up a hornet's nest, and the question was how to find some means by which they might get out of their problem. So they found on afternoon a murder took place in South Braintree, Mass. and the payroll was taken.

"The bandits who effected this robbery succeeded in getting away in an automobile and after two weeks they had not succeeded in holding anyone. The jurors were picked as we found in other cases--the same thing was done in Massachusetts. You saw how Tom Mooney was arrested--the problem of developing an identity in order to convict Mooney. It was necessary for them to have hand-picked witnesses. It was not only necessary for them to pick witnesses, but to train them in order to be sure that they could do anything with them. You, as workers, should be somewhat familiar with the Mooney problem. Mooney was sentenced to be hung. The only appeal was to public opinion, and today, the Mooney case has collapsed, so while the star witnesses are coming forward and confessing. They had to start another frame up; they had to find witnesses in order that those in the Police Department, those who handled the matter could be able to make some record for themselves. If you know anything of the Police Department, if you know anything of the prosecuting forces, you will find that here is a prosecuting attorney; his success and his reputation is based on how many people he can bring to conviction. That is the point. You will find the entire force with whom he is associated their reputation depends on how many people they can bring to trial. How many workers, if you please, because they prey upon the workers who employ them.

"And so we find in this case of Sacco-Vanzetti that the case of the Department of Justice was becoming so shaky, it was so weak that in order to find a method to get out of the hole into which they were plunged it became necessary to turn these men over to the criminal authorities, if you please, and give them a chance to frame a charge against Sacco and Vanzetti, and so the case went on. It is very easy to see from the expressions we get from the capitalist press the flimsy testimony, the weakness of the identity, and the impossibility, if you please, of an intelligent conviction. I know that most of you are receiving a leaflet tonight and in that leaflet you will find expressions from editorial writers. You will find the opinions that have been given by many reputable persons throughout the country and you will find they are unanimous in pointing out the frame-up methods by which it was possible to convict Sacco and Vanzetti. Now if you take a brief review--the capitalist papers, especially the Chicago Tribune, have been carrying a series of articles. They have had something like seven articles that have passed through the Chicago Tribune. They have not attempted to say that Sacco and Vanzetti are innocent, and they have not, by any manner or means, attempted to show that they are guilty. What they have done is to take a brief review of the evidence in the trial for those who are in a position to judge for themselves the question of guilt or innocence, and so in the issue of the Chicago Tribune of Nov. 24 they give a summary up of the trial; they give the story of the murder, and they have concluded the first paragraph of this by showing how the bandits got away. They give the story of the crime and how these Italian workers were apprehended, and they have given the points that were made in the trial. I want to say this at present: in preparing to give a talk of this kind it is very convenient if it is possible, for the speaker to get hold of the briefs--of the direct testimony that was given in the case. I understood they had reached Chicago and I made an effort to get hold of the evidence and the briefs in the case, but I understood they have been returned. The only way we

b7c
Nov. 27, 1921

have to give an idea of the case is to take it from the capitalist papers and the leaflets that have been put out. There is one thing that the leaflet has done; has given a review on the case, but it has not given the definite testimony. Now, (reading from Chicago Tribune of Nov. 24, 1921) "A group of witnesses identified Sacco and Vanzetti either as the hold-up men or "suspicious" men seen loitering in South Braintree." They did not identify them as the men that did this deed. (Reading) "2. That a police captain, who claimed to be a revolver expert, linked the bullet found in Berardelli's body with Sacco's revolver." and (reading) "3. "consciousness of guilt" was manifested by the two men upon the night they were arrested that they made evasive statements and lied about their movements."

"There is one thing we must take into consideration. Up to the time they attempted to fasten the charge of robbery on these men they had been trying to connect them with bomb plots, with many other attempts at the destruction of the government of the United States by force and they had in many other ways attempted to show that these men were dangerous reds, but we find on taking them on the charge of robbery that they dropped the charge of their being radicals and reds, and while we find that there was some reference made to their activities, the idea of their being radicals was shoved more or less to one side. The defense brought in as a means of explaining the fact that they were acting suspicious, acting nervous, or anything of that kind, the defense made that plain, that just before--the night before--the death of Salsedo that they were busy the night before organizing meetings, and that they did not want to be brought in and questioned; that there might be some slip and thereby give away or expose some of their comrades, and so this was the reason given by the defense that they had acted suspicious."

"The defense brought out that the three prosecution star witnesses changed their testimony from the preliminary hearing a year ago. Then they were positive. At the trial they insisted upon the identification. Now these witnesses were not sure, the witnesses that were called on to identify Sacco and Vanzetti were not quite convinced. The next witnesses, who were the witnesses for the prosecution, saw the deed from a factory building some eighty feet away. Yet in the first hearing they came down to such fine detail that they spoke of the muscular movements of the men that did the shooting, but later, when it came to the question of identification they commenced to change their mind, they thought they were going a little too far and when it came to the final testimony they admitted that they changed; they admitted that there was a doubt as to whether it was true or not. And as to the revolver experts who were called by the defense in order to counteract the so-called expert testimony that was given by the prosecution witnesses, experts called from various factories testified that the bullet found in the body of the victim was not likely to prove that it had come from the revolver of Sacco; that there was a possibility that it might have come from other guns in the possession of Sacco at the time he was being detained. That was the testimony given by the prosecution and the defense. One of the things we must take into consideration and the capitalist press has been very strong to bring out that the judge in giving the charge to the jury did not seek to throw a light of a slacker upon them, due to their radical make and yet we find that he made some strong statements to them in regard to the American soldier. (Reading from the Chicago Tribune, Nov. 24, 1921, "Such has been written the judge's charge, particularly abroad. Radicals have claimed that Judge Thayer practically told the jury to convict the two men because they were radicals. That is not true. Judge Thayer did tell the jury to deliberate with the courage typified by the American soldier boy as he fought and gave up his life upon the battlefields of France. But he urged no distinction of race or political belief."

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Nov. 27, 1921

should influence the verdict," and so we find they are attempting to dodge that proposition and are attempting to get away from anything that might be considered as detrimental to the prosecution or might be said that the judge was partial.

"And then we find in an editorial written by REV. CHAS. F. DOLE, a prominent writer on religious and sociological subjects to the Boston Herald, Au This is his letter: '... The Herald of July 15 reported these words from Judge Thayer's charge to the Sacco-Vanzetti jury: "If a person is willing to use a deadly weapon such as a revolver upon an arresting officer in order to gain his liberty, what would you naturally expect would be the gravity of the crime of wh such person must be consciously guilty?"'

"I believe this illustrates perfectly the working of the mind of the reputable and well-meaning American citizen, who can hardly put himself in the place of the hunted Italian Socialist, keenly aware of what few as yet seem to know that for several years men like him have not been safe from unwarrantable arrest and severe punishment in our 'Free America' not for crime but for their opinions.

"I should suppose that this passage in the judge's charge might have sounded to the jury much like a death sentence."

"So regardless of the fact that our capitalist press are telling us that the instructions of the judge in the case were not in any way partial, we take from this that there was more or less of an inclination to partiality in the matter. This is a brief summary of the Sacco-Vanzetti case, and so then we must take this into consideration. We must, if we are as working class going to understand the case of Sacco and Vanzetti, and if we are going to understand the case with which the American worker and the worker of every other country are concerned we must look back and get the background of the institutions under which we live. If we look at the conflicts between nations we find if one nation goes to war against another we find that the conflict is carried on along certain lines. If you remember, in reading about the war that there was laws against the use of submarines, against the use of poison gas, and there were laws of various kinds specified the kinds of warfare that should be used against one country fighting another. But when we pass over the question of international war and come to the class war between the working class on the one hand, and the imperialistic development on the other, we find that there are no laws governing this struggle. We find that the war of the classes is not governed by any law, and so when we come to take these things into consideration we find that Mooney, Debs, Sacco and Vanzetti, and we might go on with a full complete roll of those who are languishing behind prison bars, those who are being deported, those who are hounded by the capitalist class, those who are going to the electric chair during the casualties of the class war. And so, as we are taking this into consideration and the meetings that are being held throughout the United States and throughout the world the meetings are not showing them the nature of the class conflict, but this casualty that is being forced upon Sacco and Vanzetti. Is the working class going to rise up and are they going to thunder such a protest that it will be unthinkable for them down in Massachusetts to locally murder our comrades Sacco and Vanzetti.

"Now just a brief looking over the conflict. As we see where capitalism was first making its death struggle, where feudalism was the only rule, at that time we find that the capitalist class used the necessary means, to find that they are

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Nov. 27, 1921

the necessary methods to eliminate the opposition from the feudal aristocracy and to establish themselves in control. Following this, in America we find we went through a long period of capitalistic accumulation. We find that due to certain economic and historical conditions, due to a great extent to the fact that America was a comparatively new country as compared with the countries of Europe, we find that we went along with a peaceful development of capital. Of course, during this time we find where such cases came up as the Haymarket Riots in Chicago; we find the Moyer and Haywood cases in Colorado; we find where the Anarchist cases reach considerable comment. We find in looking at the Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone cases that it reached over the entire country. The working class of the world were not brought so thoroughly into touch with that as it has been since. And we find as we pass along from that period of capitalistic development, we find as the period of development grows bigger, the conflict between the master and the working class has become more severe, especially do we find it in the New England states--in the silk mills. We find that the conditions of the worker, in which he is forced to work, are over getting worse, and so we find that the opposition of the worker to the struggle was growing stronger and stronger. And so we find that it was possible for the capitalist class to get our comrades with their prosecutions and it not be known. We find today that a few years ago seemed to be a tremendous expansion and what seemed so far removed from each other, the solidarity of the working class that it has not developed as it is today. And so today we find as the result of war, as a result of the revolution, we find today that the working class are more thoroughly united--the working class of the world and that it is easier to get in touch with the working class of the world.

"In reading an article in the Saturday Evening Post, they are somewhat surprised to think it would be possible for the international working class to look the things that have been taking place in the world the last few years, to look up the Debs case to only fall foul of ~~the~~ a murder case down in Massachusetts; they are blaming all this on the Third International. The Third International being to them is responsible for this proposition. But I want to tell you that the Third International is not responsible for this; it is the violation of the working class, the conditions under which they live. The working class is responsible only for this act; and they are responsible for the development of the third international. And so we are confronted--we are confronted in this country with a developing capitalist class. We are confronted, if you please, with the problems of combatting of the imperialists against the workers. Today, as a result of the condition has so developed that there are two distinct forces in the world, when we look at those we cannot say that they are they are directly united, but we can say that the interests of those two are represented by two distinct organizations. We find, on one side, the money houses of the world, where they are piling up the stores of the world; we find them assimilating, drawing together for the struggle against the working class. On the other side, as a result of this capitalistic accumulation we see growing up that gigantic organization, the working class, for the purpose of meeting the onslaughts of the capitalist class. And so we see it lined up for battle, the international capitalists on one side, and the international working class on the other. We find in this course of development certain things have taken place, and in some have been committed what have served as a means of uniting the forces. We find while the Moyer case was going on; we find that it did go down the streets of Paris, down the streets of Rome, of Moscow, down the streets of all the cities of Europe. We find they succeeded in quieting the mind of the workers by those protests, by those meetings that they were holding.

Nov. 27, 1921

connected with the workers in other countries, and so we find in America, which supposed to be the "land of the free and the home of the brave;" we find where the poor foreigner came for an asylum, where the Pilgrims fled to get away from the oppressions of the wold world; we find in this country there has grown up a development of the capitalist system; and today, when we look into the New England states and when we compare the problems with which the New England states are faced, we find where they set up their ideals, there has grown up one of the worst ones. There today we see the case of Sacco and Vanzetti. And so we see not only in this country, but that those in the old world are recognizing that the dream of those who came to America are miserably lost, and that their hopes have been blasted; that those who dare to raise the voice of the working class against the imperialistic forces that are being brought to bear are deported, they are framed by those who came to this country with the idea of establishing freedom. That is the problem with which you are confronted to night.

"And so tonight while there are meetings being held in the United States and all over the world to protest the judicial murder of those men they are heeding the call of the Communist Manifesto "Workers of the World unite." To night in every country throughout the world while the capitalist press are wondering, while they are wondering why the Communists in Russia should be moved so by a murder in Massachusetts, while they are wondering about those things those of us who are working in this movement, those of us who are speaking, are only translating into those words that were written some seventy years ago, that the prevention of future uprisings, that the emancipation of the working class can only be accomplished by the working class of every country uniting and translating those words of Marx and "Workers of the world unite." We want you that are here to night to know that this is only one method by which we can save our comrades in this trial. We want you to realize that when we come as a working class that we are not in a position to go and battle with the capitalist courts, to go to their assistance. We want you to realize if these hearings are to be carried on (the trial judge has taken under advisement until the first of December the question of the review of it;) if we are going to make this movement a success we have got to bear in mind if this is to be accomplished it is necessary for every worker to go into his pockets; and we are to finance this proposition to provide the Defense Committee with the funds in order that it will be possible for the Defense Committee to carry on this work.

"And so while this meeting is being held here I want to put this proposition to you very seriously, the problem of Sacco and Vanzetti, the question of the liberty of those comrades that are being persecuted. This question is one of many. It is necessary for you to go into your pockets to provide the money for these men's defense, if you are going to take this matter seriously. Is there any one in this audience here to night who takes this matter seriously enough to give a five dollar bill in the struggle with which every worker is confronted? (A five dollar bill is brought forward by a collector) One? Unless you come forward with your money Sacco and Vanzetti are going to pay the penalty. Is there in this audience that has a five dollar bill that he wants to give to the carrying on of this work? Hold up the hands if you want to give to this. Any one? Is there any one that has a 1.00 bill. I want you to remember this: this money that being raised goes direct to the Sacco-Vanzetti committee. It is raised for the meeting of this problem and for this case. Now, any one that has a five-dollar bill to give to this. Well, it seems that there are not many five-dollar bills around in Milwaukee. Is there anybody that will give a two-dollar bill? Is

b7c
Nov. 27, 1921

8.

any one that will give two dollars? Here is one over here Comrade. Remember the dollars you are going to give is going to prove to what extent you are going to translate into action those words, "Workers of the world unite." It is up to you. Now is there anyone up through here that has a dollar they want to put into this collection. I want to tell you last Sunday night I attended a meeting, and I think in that meeting one of the most inspiring things was that after the Department of Justice refused the right to show a picture of the Russian situation the workers translated their sympathy into action by piling \$2700 on the table. Well now, comrades, friends, we are going to give you a chance to contribute anyway. We know that there are lots of you that a dollar looks very large to and it is necessary for us to reduce this. We know some of you are bashful and it is not that you don't want to. We are not going to play Billy Sunday and tell you that we don't want your dimes and nickles. If you only have the seven cents you had in your pocket to pay your street car fare home. We are not going to be a bit bashful taking that seven cents if you see fit to put it into that work.

Now friends, the collection has been taken. There is a resolution here that we want to read and get your approval on it, dealing with this case.

"At a meeting assembled at the Fred Geminde Hall, 264 4th St., Milwaukee, Wis., on Nov. 27, 1921 at 8 P.M., called by the American Labor Alliance, the following resolutions were adopted:

"Whereas, we have acquainted ourselves with the facts of the trial that lead to the convictions of Sacco and Vanzetti at Dedham, Mass., and

"Whereas, it would appear that the jury has committed a grave and serious error and was swayed by prejudice, for we feel that the verdict is unsupported by the evidence

"Be it resolved, that we appeal for a new trial to afford these men an opportunity to establish their innocence and to uphold the traditional liberty and justice in the country

"Be it further resolved that a copy of these resolutions be sent to Judge Thayer, to the Governor of Massachusetts and to the local newspaper

"Now, friends, I think that this concludes the meeting for to night and we hope you will come out and attend future meetings and make them as successful as you have this meeting. I might state this: the question was asked of me a few minutes ago by the Chairman if we were going to ask for questions. We generally do. I will say frankly that I think I have made it as clear as I could, and have given you all the information I have in the matter. Any questions?

"One thing that we are requested to announce is that there is a large stack of Sacco-Vanzetti leaflets on the table in the rear of the hall. We want you to take them home with you, not to put them in your pockets, but give them to your friends. It is very important in this work for the freedom of Sacco and Vanzetti is to go forward, if the movement for the freedom of the American working class is to go forward, that we take it upon ourselves to distribute this literature and to make these meetings a success. Now has anyone any questions?

The collection was not announced, it evidently having been a disappointment to the organizers of the meeting.

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

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- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
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Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

- ☒ For your information: *Serial 442 is not in file. When located, it will be forwarded to you.*
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Department of Justice, 61-126-

Bureau of Investigation.

WJW/D.

7 Water Street, Boston, Mass.

December 9, 1921.

Director,
Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

DEC 12 1921
DIVISION

Dear Sir:

Acknowledgment is made of the receipt of Bureau letter of the seventh instant, No. 61-126-360, initialed GFR-JR, under cover of which was transmitted a report from the Military Attache, American Legation, Berne, Switzerland, in reference to demonstrations in Switzerland on behalf of SACCO and VAN-ZETTI.

Reference is had to paragraph No. 6 of the report of the Military Attache, which states as follows:

"The wildest sort of statements appear in the Communist papers in Switzerland, such as that each juror who was on the jury which returned the verdict against these men received \$25,000."

For the information of the Bureau, it is desired to state that this charge relative to the sum of \$25,000 appeared in "IL PROLETARIO", the Italian I. W. W. paper of Chicago, in its edition No. 29 for Saturday, July 23, 1921. This statement also contained the names and addresses of the twelve jurors. The article was signed "R. B.", the writer being most likely ROMOLO BOBBA.

Very truly yours,

Read by
DEC 12 1921
Wm. J. Burns

Charles A. Bancroft, 61-126-4

Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

RECORDED

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP9BTS/mc

12/14/21
Write
m. J. P.
GFR

Bureau letter GEP

REPORT MADE AT:

DATE WHEN MADE:

PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE:

REPORT MADE BY:

Detroit, Mich.

Dec. 10, 1921

Dec. 8, 1921.

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

SACCO - VANZETTI Agitation.

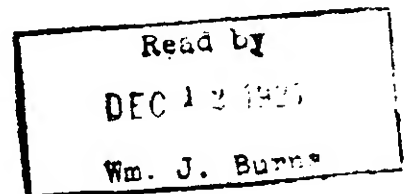
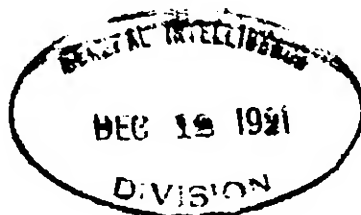
FACTS DEVELOPED:

At Detroit, Michigan.

Reference is made to my previous reports regarding the above entitled matter.

Information has just been received that the Detroit Conference of the Friends of Soviet Russia, will hold a mass meeting protesting against the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti on December 18, 1921.

The meeting will be held at the House of Masses, the Commun. headquarters and will be addressed by speakers in the English, Polish, Russian, Ukrainian and Lithuanian languages. This meeting will be covered.



DEC 15 1921

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REFERENCE:

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REPORT MADE AT: SAN ANTONIO, TEX.	DATE WHEN MADE: DEC. 8-21.	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: DEC. 8-21.	REPORT MADE BY: [REDACTED] b7c
--------------------------------------	-------------------------------	--------------------------------------	-----------------------------------

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

X SOCIALIST REVOLUTIONARY PARTY.
X FEDERATION YOUNG MEN'S COMMUNIST PARTY.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/25/82 BY SP8 BJS/m

FACTS DEVELOPED:

AT SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Information was received by "LA PRENSA", a Spanish daily of this city of the mass meeting held in Guadalajara, State of Jalisco, Mexico by the SOCIALIST REVOLUTIONARY PARTY and the FEDERATION OF YOUNG MEN'S COMMUNIST PARTY, as a protest for the execution of the radical agitators, SACCO and VANZENTTI. The mass meeting was organized by X MANUEL D. RAMIREZ, affiliated with the GENERAL CONFEDERATION OF WORKERS OF MEXICO, who recently returned from Russia, where he went as a delegate to the RED SYNDICATE CONGRESS, as a representative of the GENERAL CONFEDERATION OF WORKERS. Mass meeting has been held in Merida, Yucatan, Tampico, Vera Cruz, Mexico City and Puebla in behalf of SACCO-VENZANTTI. The mass meeting at Guadalajara took place without any disorders.

The following is a translation of the "participation of utilities of the State of Puebla:-

Article 188-All the workers employed with agriculture, factories commercial and mining companies will have the right of a participation in the utilities

Article 189--The fixed amount that by virtue of the participation corresponds to the workers will be made by a special commission subordinated to the Central Committee of the Conciliation and Arbitration

Article 190-To determine the amount of the participation of utilities which corresponds to the workers, it will be always be taken into consideration the amount of the wages. Without said participation be less than ten per cent of the wages.

REFERENCE:

INV R.

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3 DIRECTOR 2 J [REDACTED]

ORIGINAL

b7c
[REDACTED]
DEC. 8, 1921.

PAGE 2.

Article 191-The formation and the upkeep of the institutions of social prevention are declared a public utility and in consequence in accord with the law which will be decreed. The work will have the rights in the participation of their utilities.

Article 192-With reference to the rest that refers to the compliment of the dispositions of this article will be in accord with the special law which will be issued for this object.

INVESTIGATION CONTINUED.

Approved & For
EUS. T. JON
Special Agent in C
San Antonio, Tx

Department of Justice

TELEGRAM RECEIVED

Boston Mass.

Dec. 2, 1921

Burns Washington, D.C.

Two stop motion for new trial in James Vanzetti
case argued before Judge Thayer October twenty ninth
November fifth and eight reported by agent West
November seventh decision expected between December
ten and fifteenth..

Bancroft..

recd.
5:10p.m.

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/30/82 BY SP-5BTD/mc

61-126-446

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
DEC 12 2:31 P.M.	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
RECORDED	FILE

21-126

Mr. J. H. ... December 10, 1921
202500-115-126

Mr. Chas. A. Banesoft,
Box 8185,
Boston, Mass.

Dear Sir :

For your information, I am enclosing
herewith photostatic copy of a report concerning
Sacco-Vanzetti activities, ~~which was~~ received by this
office from the State Department, who in turn received
same from The Hague, Netherlands.

Yours very truly,

W. J. Quinn
Director.

Encl.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/25/82 BY SP-ESTJ/mc

61-126-6

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126

The Honorable
The Secretary of State

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Replying to telegram
Dunn, for information as to this request of your
Maradelli, the individual named whether or not Alessa
a citizen of this country. erred by Sacco-Vanzetti
was not. I desire to advise the

According to the death certificate, a
photostatic copy of which is enclosed, Maradelli was
born in Italy.

Faithfully yours,

Encl.

Attorney General.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE BY

RECORDED

61-126-448

DEC 12 1941 P.M.

FILE

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

City Clerk's Office, Quincy

December 15 1921

I, Marguerite S. Lyons hereby certify that I hold the office of City Clerk, and have the custody of the Records of this City relating to **Deaths**, and that the following is a copy from the Record of Deaths in said City:-

Date of Death April 15, 1921.
Name of Deceased Alexander Berardelli Widow Sarah Berardelli
Sex Male Condition Married Age 44 years 15 months 2 days
Disease Gun shot wounds (Homicidal)
Occupation Special Police Officer Residence 102 Phillips St. Quincy
Sgt. + Marshal since Nov.
Place of Death Paul St. near A.A. Kinsing Place of Birth Italy
Name of Father cannot be learned
Birthplace of Father cannot be learned
Name of Mother cannot be learned
Birthplace of Mother cannot be learned
Place of Burial Waterbury Cem. Waterbury, Conn.
Date of Record Apr. 20, 1921.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I hereunto set my hand and the seal of said City, the day and year first above written.

Marguerite S. Lyons
City Clerk.

Instructions from Special Agent [REDACTED] b7c

REPORT MADE AT:
New York City

DATE WHEN MADE:
12/10/21

PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE:
11/29/21

REPORT MADE BY:
[REDACTED]

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

IN RE: SACCO-VANZETTI MEETING, STAMFORD, CONN. b2 b7c

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY 9388
IN

FACTS DEVELOPED: At Stamford, Conn. [REDACTED]

Pursuant to instructions I proceeded to Stamford, Conn., on this date and attended a meeting held at the Lyceum Theatre for the purpose of raising funds to be contributed toward the defence of Sacco and Vanzetti. The Theatre holds about three hundred people and throughout the meeting about one hundred seats were unoccupied. There was but one speaker, a young Italian unknown to the writer. He spoke in Italian and apparently was very conservative for there was but little applause throughout his talk. While the writer does not understand the Italian language, it could be easily understood that the speaker used practically the same line of talk as advanced by Fred Biedenkapp who spoke recently in New York City. The entire blame for the incarceration of the two individuals appears to be laid at the feet of the U. S. Department of Justice and was explained by the speaker today by the fact that the two men were active in New England on behalf of Andrea Salsedo, came to New York in his interests and were shadowed back by Government detectives to their homes, following which the Department of Justice, through arrangements with the Massachusetts authorities, contrived to convict them of murder and have them go to the gallows. This is practically the same argument advanced by Biedenkapp and it is therefore probable that it is more or less of a stock speech used by the various speakers now active on behalf of Sacco and Vanzetti. b7c

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Washington (3)
New York (2) ✓

The meeting lasted about two hours and at the conclusion a small collection was taken up. Altogether, it was a very orderly affair.

I interviewed Superintendent of Police Brennan at Stamford, who promised to obtain for me the names of the Committee who hired the hall and made arrangements for the meeting, but up to the present writing I have not heard from him.

REPORT MADE AT:

New York City

12-13-21

11-30

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

IN RE: SACCO-VANZETTI
Radical Activities.

DEC 13 1921

DIVISION

FACTS DEVELOPED:

Today spoke with Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, who stated that the Workers Defense Committee of Boston, had arranged a tour of the West in behalf of Sacco and Vanzetti, to start on December 10th and stated she did not want to go until after the holidays. Today she received word that before she went she would have to get in touch with the American Labor Alliance, so as to arrange meetings for her in Cleveland, Pittsburgh, Chicago, Detroit and other cities where they have connections. She stated that Gurley went to Boston to assist there in shipping out books and pamphlets regarding the Sacco-Vanzetti Case, all over the country.

There is to be a meeting at Musical Hall, 818 Locust Street, Philadelphia, Pa., at which Fred Biedenkapp will be the principal speaker, but no date has as yet been decided upon.

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DATE 6/23/82 BY SP9 BTJ/mc

JAN 9 1922

61-126-450

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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REFERENCE:

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Washn- -2- Philadelphia -1- New York -2-

REPORT MADE AT: **New York City** DATE **12-12-21** **11-29**

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

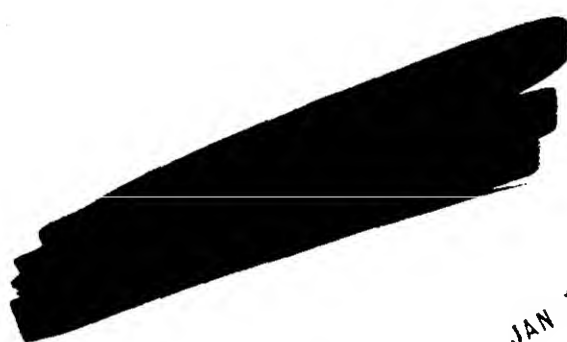
IN RE: **SACCO-VANZETTI**
Radical Activities.

61-126
b2
EX-111
SECURITY INTELLIGENCE
DEC 13 1921
DIVISION

FACTS DEVELOPED:

Today spoke with Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, who stated that the meeting at Newark on the 27th was not held, and she has turned over the matter of the owner of the hall refusing the meeting to be held, to the Civil Liberties Bureau. She stated that the sum of \$101 was realized from the sale of Sacco-Vanzetti buttons at the Central Opera House on the 25th, and \$11.40 from the sale of the book "Are They Doomed?". She also stated that at the Baltimore meeting the sum of \$600 was realized. There has not been anything said about holding future meetings, but she will see Amer regarding this.

Most of the work is expected to be done by the Unemployment Council, United Labor Council, and Workers Party of America, formerly Workers League.

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b7c


b2


JAN 13 1922

JAN 13 1922

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/mc

61-126-451

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REFERENCE:

COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

Washington -3- New York -2-

Department of Justice,

Bureau of Investigation.

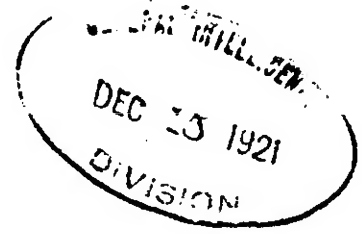
P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

READ BY W. J. R.

61-126-452

CAB:JMC

December 13, 1921



William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Yours very truly

Charles A. Bancroft

Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/mk - 61-126-452

RECORDED
DEC 13 1921

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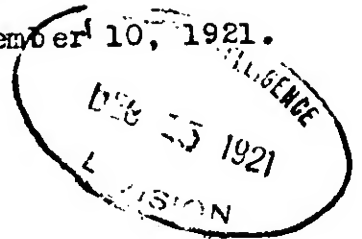
Department of Justice,

Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

December 10, 1921.



William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

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from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the develop-
ments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire
to state that no new developments have come to my
attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 4/23/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/mc

DEC 11 1921

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

December 9, 1921.

MAILED
DEC 10

GENERAL INVESTIGATION
DEC 10 1921

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the
Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the
SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new
developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-
four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-801/mk

61-126

Mr. Chas. A. Bancroft,
Box 5185,
Boston, Mass.

Dear Sir -

For your information, I am enclosing herewith copy of a memorandum prepared in this office covering a resume of documents which have been received by the State Department, containing threats received by numerous foreign representatives of that Department.

His information no doubt will be of interest to you in your observation of the Laoco-Vanzetti case.

Yours very truly

W. F. Rans
Director.

Encl.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
RECORDED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/mc

61-126-40
DEC 13 A.M.
DEPT. OF STATE

SP2-JE.
61-126-456

December 14, 1921

Lt. Col. Stuart Heintzelman, Director,
Military Intelligence Division,
War Department,
Washington, D.C.

My dear Colonel -

Reference is made to your communication of the 23rd ultimo, No. 10110-K-18, enclosing reports from a reliable source in Switzerland, dated October 26th and 27th, and November 2nd, 1921, in reference to the Casse-Vanzetti case.

In reference to paragraph 6, in the report of October 26th, I desire to advise you that this charge relative to the sum of \$25,000, appeared in "Il Proletario," the Italian I.W.O. paper of Chicago, in its edition No. 29 for Saturday, July 23, 1921.

This statement also contained the names and addresses of the twelve jurors. The article was signed "R.B.", the writer being most likely ROBERT RUBIN.


Director.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/23/82 BY SP-80J/mk

RECORDED

61-126-456
DEC 15 1921
FBI



REDMOND WELCH
SUPT.

City of Lowell

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE

LOWELL, MASS. Nov. 20, 1921

NOV 30 1921

Wm. J. Burns, Esq., Director,
Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:-

Did you receive the Radical material taken from P.O. Box
ell Post Office that I sent you on Nov. 17, 1921 ?

Very truly yours,

Redmond Welch,

Supt. of Police.

*12/15/21
L.H.
grr*

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP8 BTJ/mh

61-126-46

HOOPER



City of Lowell

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE

REDMOND WELCH
SUPT.

LOWELL, MASS. NOV. 17, 1921

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/23/62 BY SP-8 BTJ/mk

Wm. J. Whittier, Esq., Director,
Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR:-

I am sending you under separate cover radical material taken
from P.O. Box 410 Local Post Office.

Very truly yours,
Redmond Welch,
Supt. of Police.

Wm
JWH 5/21
JWH 5/21
JWH 5/21

61-126-

61-126-407

DEC 18 1921

Mr. Edmund Welch,
Superintendent of Police,
Lowell, Mass.

My dear Chief:

I desire to thank you for the radical
literature which you forwarded to this office under
date of November 17th.

If I can be of any assistance to you
in the future, please do not hesitate to communicate
with me.

Yours very truly,

W. J. Burns
Director.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/mwh

JRH-GPD

~~SS-SS~~

December 18, 1921.

Mr. Frederick S. Dunn,
Department of State,
Washington.

Dear Mr. Dunn:

I am inclosing herewith a copy of a translation taken from "Krasny International", the official organ of the Red International of the Trade Unions, being an appeal to the workmen of all countries for the freeing of Sacco and Vanzetti. This confirms I believe an impression of long standing that the elements at Moscow are interested in both of these subjects.

Very truly yours,

W. J. Burns
Director.

RECORDED

Incl.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/23/82 BY SP8 BTJ/ma

61-126-45
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

DEC 18 5 11 P.M.
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FILE

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 12-15-21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 12-1	REPORT MADE BY: [REDACTED] b2
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: IN RE: SACCO-VANZETTI Radical Activities. ✓ 61-126-			
FACTS DEVELOPED:			
<p>On Sunday, December 4th, there will be a meeting in New Haven, Conn., as well as in Yonkers, N. Y., and Owens, will secure the time of the meeting. A meeting is also to be held in Trenton, N. J. on Sunday, at which J. Platkin will be the speaker.</p> <p>All these meetings have been arranged by the American Labor Alliance.</p>			
<p>ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/23/82 BY SP801</p> <p>[REDACTED] b2 b7C</p> <p>GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION DEC 15 1921</p> <p>JAN 7 1922</p> <p>61-126-45 BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION RECORD DEC 17 1921 A.M. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 47</p>			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Washington -3 New York, -2-		

ORIGINAL

REPORT MADE AT: New York City	DATE WHEN MADE: 12-15-21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 12-2	REPORT MADE BY: [REDACTED]
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: IN RE: SACCO-VANZETTI Radical Activities.			
FACTS DEVELOPED:			
<p>Attended meeting at Plaza Hall, Brooklyn, where about 200 were present, most of whom were members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Unions. There was only one English speaker, he being Edgar Owens, and the only reason he was asked to attend was because they expected a large attendance of English speaking people to be present, but were disappointed, as the majority were Russians and Lithuanians.</p> <p>Owens delivered a short address, explaining the case of Sacco and Vanzetti, and stating they were being "railroaded" to jail for organizing. Owens explained how the workers of Europe were treated as compared to the workers here, but the audience did not seem to show much enthusiasm over his speech, as there was not a bit of applause while he spoke.</p>			
<p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p>			
<p>ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8BTJ/mc</p>			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Washington -3- New York -2-		

ORIGINAL

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

2 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

☒ Deleted under exemption(s) b7c b7E with no segregable material available for release to you.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

61-126-461

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X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

December 12, 1921.

61-126

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions
from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the de-
velopments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter,
I desire to state that no new developments have
come to my attention during the past twenty-four
hours.

Yours very truly

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/92 BY SP-8 BTJ/mk

61-126-462

RECORDED

OFFICE OF
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE
EDWARD J. BRENNAN

TELEPHONE, BARCLAY 8160
POST OFFICE BOX 241
CITY HALL STATION

Department of Justice
Bureau of Investigation
15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR
NEW YORK, N. Y.

61-126
December 17, 1921.

Mr. William J. Burns,
Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Re: Sacco-Vanzetti - Anarchist Activities.

Dear Sir:

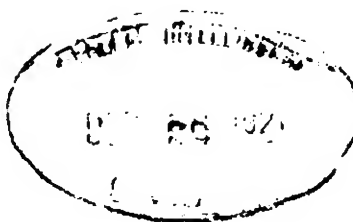
I am enclosing a clipping taken from the
Literary Digest issue of December 10th, concerning the
Sacco-Vanzetti case.

Yours very truly,

Edward J. Brennan
EDWARD J. BRENNAN,
Special Agent in Charge.

CJS:FJK
Encl. 11/11

Rec'd - 1-10-22



61-126-463

Read by
DEC 20 1921

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/MT

JAN 13 1922

Instructions received from
St. in Charge Daly.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/13/82 BY [redacted] b7c

REPORT MADE AT: St. Paul, Minn.	DATE WHEN MADE: 12/15/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 12/7 to 13/21	REPORT MADE [redacted] b7c
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: SACCO-VANZETTI COMMITTEE : Boston, Mass. head by radical activities. : DEC 20 1921 Wm. J. Burns			
FACTS DEVELOPED: <u>At Saint Paul, Minnesota:</u> <p>Referring to letter of Director of the Bureau under date of December 3rd, 1921, regarding meetings alleged to be held at 607 Jackson Street, Saint Paul, in the interest of SACCO and VANZETTI.</p> <p>Agent called at 607 Jackson Street, Saint Paul. This is a district in the poorer section of this city, inhabited largely by Russian Jews. The building is an old two story frame structure, in bad repair with broken windows and has the appearance of being unoccupied.</p> <p>Agent learned from Officer [redacted] Policeman on the beat, that this place was formerly occupied as a duplex. At present [redacted] b7c lives upstairs and the downstairs rooms are used as a lodge or school room. He stated that several Jewish societies held meetings in the building and also conducted a school for Jewish children. A few months ago, complaints were made in regard to rioting in the building by [redacted] b7c who lives at 609 Jackson Street. He called one evening at the Jewish Hall in order to make inquiry concerning the alleged rioting, and talked to the members of the society who conducted a lyceum on Friday nights. He was informed that there was no rioting in the building, but that the noise was caused by their debating society and by others who were conducting a rehearsal. [redacted] told them that they would have [redacted] out out the noise, and since that</p>			
REFERENCE: GFR:JDS-12/3/21	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED G. F. B. J. Chicago		

12/15/21

[REDACTED] b7c
time has received no further complaint. b7c

Agent called on [REDACTED] 609 Jackson Street and she stated that Jews held some kind of a school at 607; that she did make a complaint against the place a few months ago because they were selling homebrew and making a great deal of noise. She states that the building is rented from NEWTON R. FROST with offices in the Newton Building.

Agent called at the offices of NEWTON R. FROST and examined the lease to the house at 607 Jackson Street. The lease to the upper part of the house is held by [REDACTED] b7c and the lower part to the following societies: WORKMAN'S LOAN ASSOCIATION, Inc., formerly known as the RADICAL LITERARY SOCIETY, Inc.; LABOR LYCEUM ASSOCIATION, Inc.; and WORKMAN'S CIRCLE, Branch No. 236. The lease on the part of the societies was signed by the following members: J. GOODMAN, A. UBER, and J. WERLICH. The latter two names were poorly written and are given as clearly as can be made out by Agent. Mr. FROST stated that he knew that the membership of the societies was composed entirely of Russian Jews, and that a few months ago a complaint had been made against them on account of noise and general disturbances, but recently the party who made the complaint came and withdrew the same. Mr. FROST gave the name of [REDACTED] as one who could furnish accurate and truthful information. He stated that [REDACTED] b7c is a Russian Jew, but he has known him for many years and considers him a good citizen, and absolutely reliable.

Agent called at 607 Jackson Street for the purpose of talking to [REDACTED] b7c She was absent, however, and Agent went to the

12/15/21

[REDACTED] b7c
rooms on the lower floor occupied by the said Jewish societies, and found a man engaged in cleaning up the room, whom Agent at once recognized as one A. WASILESKY who was arrested in 1919 as a member of the Communist Party, and a warrant of deportation was secured against him. Agent asked several questions in regard to the whereabouts of [REDACTED] b7c and made an observation of the rooms which formerly was a residence of three rooms. The partitions are now partly taken out and desks are placed in one of the rooms and the other two contain chairs and tables. The rooms average in size about fourteen by sixteen feet, and the entire space occupied would not accommodate more than one hundred people. Charters from various Jewish societies are hung on the wall, and also a few pictures of radical Jewish leaders.

Agent returned to the office and made examination of the records which bears out the above statement in regard to WASILESKY. The records also show that J. GOODMAN was arrested for failure to register for the draft. ^

After a conference with Agent in Charge Daly, it was decided to make some further preliminary investigation before attending a meeting of the literary society at 607 Jackson Street.

Agent called on [REDACTED] b7c 609 Jackson Street and he stated that he had lived in Saint Paul for seventeen years at his present address; that he belongs to the WOMAN'S CIRCLE which occupies rooms at 607 Jackson Street; that he also belongs to the LABOR LYCEUM ASSOCIATION and is familiar with the operations of the WOMAN'S LOAN ASSOCIATION and attends meetings of all three of the above mentioned societies. He said that no meetings are held on

b7c
[REDACTED]

Saturday night, but that every other Friday night, the LABOR LY meets and conducts a literary program consisting mostly of debate current topics. All programs are conducted entirely in the Jew language. In connection with this society, there is conducted a for Jewish children. The WORKMAN'S LOAN ASSOCIATION meets in same hall and is purely a business meeting in regard to the making loans and collecting of dues from the members. The WORKMAN'S (is a Jewish society with locals in practically all the cities of the country, and it has a membership of over one hundred thousand. He that about two years ago, that a stranger came to the hall several to organize a new society, and induced several Russian Jews to sign application for membership in the Communist Party. He could not furnish the name of the stranger, but stated that he would secure the and furnish the information to Agent. As a result, a number of the members got into trouble, but the man who induced them to sign got of town, and has never been heard of since that time. b7c

In consideration of the good name born by [REDACTED] and his candid statements, Agent believes that he told the truth and that no improper meetings are held at 607 Jackson Street, and none all held on Saturday nights. The building, however, will be kept under observation and if anything of a radical nature occurs, it will be reported.

Agent called at the State Capitol, Saint Paul, to make investigation of the incorporation papers of the above mentioned societies, with the following result:

The Articles of Incorporation of the WORKMAN'S LOAN

7-

12/15/21

ASSOCIATION shows that it is a Minneapolis corporation; the purpose being to loan money to members, and furnish financial assistance to needy members. The incorporators are DAVID SHERMAN, JACOB SPIELBERG, and ABE BRAZMAN. The Articles were filed for record on April 23rd, 1914, and amended January 1st, 1916, by changing the name to JEWISH AMERICAN LOAN ASSOCIATION. Amendment signed by: B. GREENBERG, B. POLLOCK, DAVID SHERMAN, and MORRIS RUDOLPH.

Certificate of Incorporation of the LABOR LYCEUM ASSOCIATION shows the principal place of business, Minneapolis; purpose to acquire, have and hold, the necessary property, real personal and mixed, and supply the necessary and suitable facilities for the enjoyment of its members, and conduct a club or society for the purpose of providing refreshments, entertainments, and social diversions for its members, and in general to provide for the social and intellectual welfare of its members. The general plan for operation of this corporation shall be to organize and maintain a membership as hereafter provided, and to furnish, supply and maintain for such membership, such club rooms, stores, buildings, supplies and utensils as shall be deemed necessary in promoting and carrying on the purpose of said association. The incorporators are: S. W. STACK, M. LENMAN, J. S. IEVACK, G. HALKOWITZ, A. BRAZMAN, D. SHIER, B. GILFAND, B. FREIDMAN, M. SINGER. Articles of Incorporation filed November 15th, 1917.

Articles of Incorporation of the RADICAL LOAN ASSOCIATION purpose, to loan money to members and to collect membership fees, membership fee being \$35.00 per year. Incorporators are: SAM'L DOBRIN, H. EPSTEIN, MARK CRAM, H. SHAPIRO, S. LISSING, MAX KATES, HARRY

12/15/21

STEIN and J. E. LATIMER. Articles of Incorporation filed August 2nd, 1916.

Articles of Incorporation of the WORKMAN'S CIRCLE shows principal place of business Saint Paul; purpose, to loan money to its members. Incorporators are: ADOLPH KARPOFF, MORRIS SWEED, BEN VOLINSKY, OSCAR KESSEL, ROEBEL STOLER, MORRIS LITZER, SAM TULCHINAKY, SAM SMOLIAK and JACK LEIBMAN. Incorporation filed March 7th, 1919.

Agent can state from memory that quite a number of the names mentioned above, are names of people who were arrested as members of the Communist Party. This will be carefully checked and embodied in a further report.

A copy of this report is furnished to the Chicago office as a matter of general information.

Investigation continued.



REDMOND WELCH
SUPT.

City of

II

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE

LOWELL, MASS. Dec. 14, 1921

Wm. J. Burns, Esq., Director,
Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:-

Did you receive the Radical material taken from P.O. Box, 410, Local
Post Office that I sent you on Nov. 17, 1921 ?

Very truly yours,

Redmond Welch,

Supt. of Police.

Read by

Wm. J. Burns

P.S. This is the second request.

*Have Boston see if - answer
11/17/21*

*Ans. 12/16/21 JCH
Also Boston 12/16/21 JCH*

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/92 BY SP-8075 huc

DEC 21 1921
61-126-46
RECORDED

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61-126-483

DEC 21 1921

December 19, 1921.

Mr. Redmond Welch,
Superintendent of Police,
Lowell, Massachusetts.

My dear Chief,-

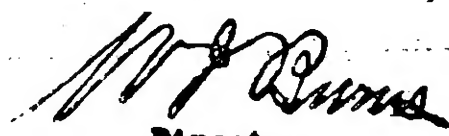
I desire to acknowledge receipt of your communication of December 14th inquiring as to whether or not the material which was forwarded by you on November 17, 1921, had been received.

Under date of December 9th I acknowledged receipt of this material, but apparently my letter has gone astray.

I am requesting our representative at Boston to communicate with you concerning this matter.

Again assuring you of our close cooperation which I am desirous of rendering at all times, I remain,

Very truly yours,



Director.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/mg



REDMOND WELCH
SUPT.

City of Lowell Mass.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE

LOWELL, MASS. Dec. 19, 1921

Wm. J. Burns, Esq., Director,

Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation,
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:-

I received a telephone from,
Yours of Dec. 9, 1921 received, Mr. Bancroft of the Boston Office
called me up in this matter, and I informed him that we received your
of the 9th,

Very truly yours,

Redmond Welch,

Supt. of Police.

See letter Dec 9-21

File

Read by
DEC 21 1921
Wm. J. Burns

DEC 31 1921
DIVISION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP8 BTJ/mc

61-126-460

RECORDED

"GFR:JDS" 01-126 NOV. 28-1921.

APPROVED
SPECIAL AGENT
IN CHARGE

Pat

REPORT MADE AT: SAN FRANCISCO	DATE WHEN MADE: DEC. 16TH	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: DEC. 15TH, 1921	REPORT MADE BY: b7c
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: SACCO and VANZETTI - Radical Activities, San Francisco Dist			
FACTS DEVELOPED: At San Francisco, California:			
<p>Reference is made to the marginally noted letter from the Director.</p> <p>Confidential informants have been instructed to keep in close touch with SACCO and VANZETTI sympathizers, and from time to time make reports on meetings of various sorts, but date no further information has been obtained in connection with incident reported in Agent b7c letter of Nov. 17th.</p> <p>On December 4th a "Protest meeting" was held in this City, at which the following resolutions were adopted:</p> <p>"Whereas, we are convinced that NICOLA SACCO and BARTOLOMEO VANZETTI are innocent of the crime of murder and are the victims of race, class and political prejudice leading to a miscarriage of justice.</p> <p>"And whereas we are certain that they are men of high ideals of human brotherhood.</p> <p>"Resolved that we, citizens of San Francisco in mass meeting assembled, protest to the Governor of Massachusetts against the execution of the sentence of death upon them and that we demand of the executive and judicial authorities of that Commonwealth that these two working men be given a new trial, a fair judge with an unprejudiced jury and unprejudiced witnesses.</p> <p>"Resolved that these resolutions be sent to the proper authorities in Massachusetts and copies given to the press."</p> <p>Subsequently the local SACCO-VANZETTI DEFENSE</p>			
REFERENCE: JBV.	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: SEATTLE LOS ANGELES		

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE **6/23/82** BY **SP-8 BTJ/mc**

61-126-40

SACCO and VANZETTI ----

COMMITTEE reported that a total of \$967.00 had been sent to the SACCO-VANZETTI Headquarters at Boston, as the net proceeds of a concert given at the CRESCENT THEATRE in San Francisco on Nov. 6th.

The Local Defense Committee has further arranged for an entertainment to be held at 1254 Market Street on New Years night, January 1st, for the benefit of the "Umanita Nova", the Anarchist paper in Rome, Italy.

In addition the Latin Branch of the RANI & FILI FEDERATION WORKERS was organized on the night of December 5th at a meeting in Roma Hall, 1624 Powell Street, San Francisco. G. D. VOLPATTO was elected Secretary. The new organization, it is said has planned to include Italian workers, irrespective of their color. It will meet on the 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month at Roma Hall.

All informants have been instructed to keep in close touch with the activities of the SACCO-VANZETTI DEFENSE COMMITTEE and to report promptly.

Case continued.

2
Department of Justice,

Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

December 18, 1921

WM. J. BURNS
DEC 20 1921
Rec'd by

61-126

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the
Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the
O SACCO and VANZETTI case, I desire to state that an
extension of time until January 15th, 1922, was granted
in the Superior Court at Dedham, Mass. today to counsel for
the above subjects in which to file a petition based on
exceptions taken, for a new trial.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP8015/mc

RECEIVED
DEC 21 1921
DIVISION 61-126-467

RECORDED

December 20, 1921

Mr. Chas. A. Besscroft,
Box 5185,
Boston, Mass.

Dear sir -

Recently you secured information concerning the citizenship of Alessandro Bernadelli, for whose assassination Sacco and Vanzetti were convicted.

The State Department now desires to be advised as to the citizenship of FREDERICK A. FARMETER, the paymaster who was also killed.

Will you kindly give this matter immediate attention?

Yours very truly,

W. J. Quinn
Director.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-805/mh

RECORDED

61-126-40
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEC 21 12 AM
DEPT. OF JUSTICE

SPR. 72.

December 22, 1921

61-126

Mr. W. L. Hurley,
Department of Commerce, State
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Hurley -

For your information and such attention
as you deem advisable, there is enclosed herewith a trans-
lation of an article concerning Sacco and Vanzetti, which
appeared in the publication, "Arbate Del Popolo" for
October 16, 1921.

Yours very truly,
W. J. Burns
Director.

Encl.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8 JRS/mh

61-126-4

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 26 1921	
FBI - NEW YORK	

61-126-
61-126-526

December 20, 1941

Mr. Chas. A. Bancroft,
Box 5185,
Boston, Mass.

Dear Sir -

Quoted below is a letter which has been received through the Embassy at London.

"THE TIMES of the 22nd instant had a message from a correspondent in New York, dated October 21st, entitled 'TRAIL OF COMMUNIST FIREBRAND. AGITATION AGAINST U. S. W. H. F. E. S.' After dealing with the case of the Vanzetti affair, it proceeds, 'The demonstration against American officials abroad are laid by the police at the door of an Italian who is suspected of being one of the five men concerned in the murders at Braintree, Mass., of the cashier and his guard, for which Sacco and Vanzetti were tried. This man, whose name is known to the authorities left the United States immediately after the murder and was traced to Italy and then to Paris, where his trail was lost.

"I have been unable to identify this Italian. Do you think it would be possible for you to let me have his name and other useful particulars?"

This office would very much appreciate being furnished with any data which you may be able to secure concerning the "Firebrand" referred to above.

Yours very truly,

[Signature]

Director. 61-126-

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8005/wh

RECORDED
INDEXED
FILED
DEC 22 1941
FBI - BOSTON

Instruction
Agent in C

om

REPORT MADE AT: St. Paul, Minn.	DATE WHEN MADE: 12/22/21	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 12/14-21/21	REPORT MADE BY: [REDACTED] b7c
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TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

SACCO-VANZETTI COMMITTEE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

Radical Activities

FACTS DEVELOPED:

At Saint Paul, Minnesota:

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP8BTS/hk

Reference is made to previous reports in the above en-
titled matter.

DEC 27 1921

J. BURR

Agent has made inquiry of various people in regard to what, if any, activities are carried on in Saint Paul in the interest of SACCO and VANZETTI, and finds that there is not a great deal of interest taken in this case.

Agent called on SAM SPERANZA, Italian Consul, living in Saint Paul. Mr. SPERANZA stated that he had made an effort to find out whether or not the Italian people were taking part in any effort to create sympathy for SACCO and VANZETTI, but could learn of no activities in their behalf. He stated that as far as known by him, no meetings have been held, and gave as his reason the lack of interest in the case on the part of the Italians was because of the fact that SACCO and VANZETTI are members of the Communist Party, and as a rule the Italians are bitterly opposed to said party. Mr. SPERANZA stated that there are ten thousand Italians in Saint Paul and three hundred in Minneapolis, and that the best of his knowledge the Italians are law abiding citizens, take little part in radical movements.

DEC 27 1921

Agent talked to Mr. MAHONEY, one of the leading leaders in Saint Paul, and who was also a candidate for Mayor at

REFERENCE:

COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

Boston.

12/22/21

last election on the labor ticket and came within a very few votes of being elected. Mr. MAHONEY states that to the best of his knowledge no meetings in the interest of SACCO and VANZETTI had been held in Saint Paul by any of the labor group. He stated in this connection that at the present time there are very few radical agitators in Saint Paul. He said that this is because union labor is trying to keep the radicals out of the labor unions, and that he would be very glad to learn of any Communist radical labor activities that might be undertaken in Saint Paul.

Agent has made some investigation of the situation in Minneapolis, and it seems that while there has been some meetings in the interest of creating a defense fund for SACCO and VANZETTI, that at the present time the agitators are devoting their attention a new radical organization to be formed, known as the AMERICAN LABO ALLIANCE.

The I. W. W. organization is using the strike at the pack
South
houses in/Saint Paul as a means of securing new members,

Investigation concluded.

*Answer for W.
with some talk to*

Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

Read by
DEC 20 1921
Wm. J. Burns

LL:JMC

December 16, 1921

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/87 BY 488

Dear Sir:

The services of Special Agent FRED J. WEYAND who is now on duty, I understand, in Washington, are badly needed in this division. Agent WEYAND is one of the very few good "shade" men we have here, and on account of the activities of the radicals here in behalf of SACCO and VANZETTI we need our best "shade" men. Cannot arrangements be made to send him here at once?

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

*Bureau 12-23-21
ans. 12-23-21*

61-126-472

RECORDED

JKH:H

61-126-472

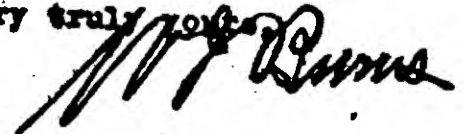
DEC 23 1921 December 23, 1921.

Mr. Charles A. Bancroft,
Post Office Box 3185,
Boston, Massachusetts.

Dear Sir,-

Replying to your communication of the 16th inst. I have to advise you that Special Agent Weyand, who is temporarily connected with the New York office, has been directed to return to your office for further assignment.

Very truly yours,



Director.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/87 BY SP-8BJ/mc

RECORDED

JEH:H

61-126-1

December 23, 1931.

Mr. Edward J. Brennan,
Post Office Box 241,
City Hall Station,
New York City.

Dear Sir,-

I am advised by the Special Agent in Charge at Boston that Fred J. Weyand, temporarily assigned to your office, is necessary in connection with a certain investigation being made in the Sacco-Vanzetti matter.

You will, therefore, direct Special Agent Weyand to return at once to the Boston office for further assignment at that office.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover
Director.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8 BJS/mc

61-126-473

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
D. 24 21 A.M.	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	

RECORDED

REPORT MADE AT: Milwaukee, Wis.	DATE WHEN MADE: Dec. 17, 1921	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Dec. 3, 1921	REPORT MADE BY: [REDACTED] b7c
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: ITALIAN I. W. W. MEETING 299 Superior St., Milwaukee, Wis.			
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE <u>4/22/82</u> BY <u>SP-6/BJH</u>			
FACTS DEVELOPED: At Milwaukee, Wis.			
Report was received from the Milwaukee Police Department that an Italian I.W.W. meeting would be held at 299 Superior St., Milwaukee, Wis., Dec. 3, 1921, the speaker scheduled to speak being one ROMOLO BOBBA of Chicago, Ill. Special Agent [REDACTED] covered the meeting with Agent.			
b7c JOE PINTO, under deportation warrant at Milwaukee and out on bond spoke in Italian and sold I.W.W. publications printed in Italian, among them "Il Proletario," issue of Dec. 3, 1921 which bears the slogan "Conquistando la fabbrica conquisteremo il mondo" (By conquering the factory we shall conquer the world) "Guerra di Classe" issue of Nov. 12, 1921, printed at Milan, Italy and the organ of ITALIAN SYNDICALIST UNION, which organization, this issue states, is affiliated with Third International. A post card on one side of which are photographs of ARMANDO and ERNICO MALATESTA, Italian Anarchists, tried in Milan, Italy, July 27-31, 1921 for complicity in bomb outrages, and also showing a scene during their trial, was sold by PINTO.			
The first speaker, whose name was [REDACTED] follows:			
"The purpose of this meeting is so that this judicial murder about be carried out in the state of Massachusetts against these two Italian organ will be prevented. Before I go into the main details, and I will not take more than twenty minutes of your time, as you have got a speaker who is going to address you in your language, and you will get a better understanding of this case and what it means, than I can give you in English.			
FEB 1 1922 61-126-4 "Up until about two years ago the workers had a fair chance in the courts of the United States to get a certain amount of justice. At that time capitalism started what we call "Industrial Feudalism." Then the period of oppression set in, and from that time to the present date the iron heel's pressure has steadily increased. I will say candidly it is impossible for a			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:		
	Washington 3, Chicago 1, Milwaukee 1		

Let. C. J. Dime.
7, 7, 13, 11/25/22

Dec. 3, 1921

2.

worker to get any justice in a court in the United States. Recently I had occasion to send a communication to the Governor of Massachusetts--this was a Sacco-Vanzetti protest, and in reply I received a letter from his-Secretary. He seemed to be very much surprised and chagrined that anybody should question the court procedure in Massachusetts. The resolutions were quite pointed and said that it was the opinion of the workers through the United States that it was impossible for a worker, and especially for a foreign worker to get justice provided the invisible government wanted to annihilate him.

"Sacco and Vanzetti according to all accounts were innocent. They had a cast-iron alibi. The court records show that the whole procedure was a frame-up. These boys were organizers, and very few American people have realized to this time that they were hounded--very few workers realize that until now. On the fourth day of May, 1920, an Italian worker by the name of Salsedo, who had been illegally held in the fourteenth story of a building by the Department of Justice, who used the most hideous methods that have been used in an American commonwealth to suppress the workers--none worse were ever used in Europe than were used to Salsedo. There is a grave suspicion in the minds of millions of foreign workers in this country that Salsedo was deliberately murdered by the Department of Justice and thrown out of the window. There is no question but that he was murdered, directly or indirectly. Possibly he was driven insane by the "Toll degree." He was found outside the building occupied by the Department of Justice.

"The next day Sacco and Vanzetti were arrested and tried for the murder of a postmaster at South Braintree, Mass. They were tried on that charge and were convicted because they were radical class organizers; that is the reason they were convicted. The whole record of the trial--the jury, the witnesses, the record of the testimony show that it seems the testimony was deliberately distorted to meet their requirements and the jury were unduly prejudiced. Judge Thayer in his instructions to the jury practically ordered them to convict these workers.

"There has been a tremendous storm of protest sent in from all over the United States. Some very prominent men have denounced this as one of the most outstanding travesties of justice, and one of the rankest frame-ups that have been pulled in some time. It comes in the same category as the Hooney case and the Sacramento I.W.O. cases. It is one of the outstanding facts in the class struggle in this country. The class struggle is becoming more and more severe every day. There will be more and more of these struggles of the workers who wish to raise their conditions, and those who are so enthusiastic with their views that they want to go out and tell everybody.

"I won't take up any more of your time, but those of you who can give prestige behind you use it to flood this Judge Thayer's court in Massachusetts and the Governor with protests against the carrying out of this judicial murder.

The man making the above speech is about 35 years of age, 5'8" tall, 180 lbs., black hair, dark brown eyes, wears a brown mixture top coat, and is apparently an I.W.O. organizer recently sent to Milwaukee, Agent first observing him at a Sacco-Vanzetti meeting at Frei Goldinde Hall, Milwaukee, Nov. 27, 1921, held under the suspicion

Dec. 3, 1921

the AMERICAN LABOR ALLIANCE, which, however, was an I.W.O. affair.

ROMOLO BOSEA spoke at length in Italian, referring to the Sacco-Vanzetti and the Mooney cases.

A collection was taken which amounted to \$25.00.

About 100 people, all Italians, attended this meeting.

Report submitted.

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

2 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☒ Deleted under exemption(s) b7c b7E with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

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X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
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2

Department of Justice.

Bureau of Investigation.

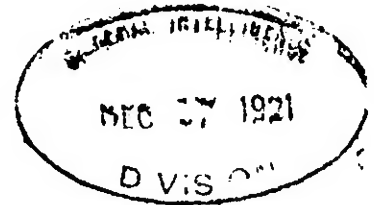
P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

December 16, 1921.

61-126

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.



Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

61-126-476

RECORDED

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-801JMA

Department of Justice,

Bureau of Investigation.

7 Water Street, Boston, Mass.

CAB:D.

December 14, 1921.

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

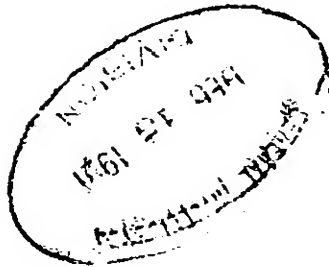
Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Very truly yours,

Charles A. Bancroft

Charles A. Bancroft
Special Agent in Charge.



ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/mk

61-126-477

Read by
Wm. J. Burns

RECORDED

-126

Instructions from Asst. Spe. Agt. in Chge. Letherman:

-1-

REPORT MADE AT: Boston, Mass.	DATE WHEN MADE: 12/14/21:	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 12/12/21:	REPORT MADE BY: [REDACTED] b7c
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: [REDACTED] b7c ---SACCO-VANZETTI Case: Radical Matter.			
FACTS DEVELOPED: at Boston, Mass.: ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8BJM/C Continuing this matter from December 6, 1921, on this date Agent talked with [REDACTED] who stated that he did not think that there was any further need of investigation into the statements of [REDACTED] as made in report of the 6th inst. because she was so unreliable. With reference to the theft of the automobile from Judge Webster Thayer, as set forth in previous report, he stated that subject is to be prosecuted in the Superior Court of Massachusetts by the Commonwealth. Agent took this matter up with U. S. Attorney Harris, who stated that he would await the outcome of the case before instituting proceedings in the Federal Court. CONTINUED. [REDACTED]			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: WASHINGTON-3: BOSTON-2: US ATTY AT BOSTON-1 ORIGINAL		

RECORDED
61-126-478
JAN 7 1922
b7c
b2

Department of Justice,

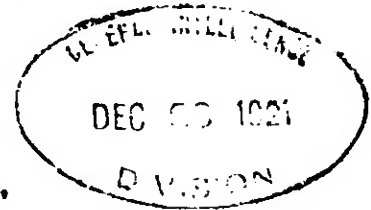
Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

December 21, 1921.

61-126-



William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8 GJS/mh

Read by
DEC 23 1921
61-126-47

RECO

Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 2185,
7 State St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMG

December 28 1921.

61-126

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Read by
DEC 29 1921
Wm. J. Barr

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions
from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the
developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI
matter, I desire to state that no new developments
have come to my attention during the past twenty-
four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/23/82 BY SP9A/mc

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DEC 29 1921

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61-126

Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

December 27, 1921.

61-126-

DEC 30 1921

Read by
DEC 30 1921

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP8BTJ/mc

P.S. I am enclosing herewith newspaper clipping from the Boston Sunday Herald of December 25, 1921, which gives in detail the proceedings at Dedham, Mass., reported in my letter of December 24th, 1921.

61-126-481

RECORDED

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/82 BY [illegible]

NDAY HERALD

EXTRA

ON. SUNDAY. DECEMBER 25. 1921—FIFTY-SIX PAGES

TEN CENTS

DENIES RE-TRIAL FOR SACCO AND VANZETTI; ENTERTAINS NEW PLEA



JUDGE WEBSTER THAYER
Who Has Denied New Trial for Sacco
and Vanzetti on Original Motion and
Reserved Decision on New Motion Al-
leging Improprieties in the Jury Room.

**Judge Thayer Declares Fact
Warrant No Interference
with Conviction**

**DEFENCE NOW CLAIMS
JUROR'S IMPROPRIETY**

**Says Foreman Exhibited Bullets
in Deliberations—Case Goes to
Supreme Court if Move Fails**

Judge Webster Thayer, who presided at the trial of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti for the murder of Frederick Parmenter and his guard, Alessandro Berardelli, at Braintree, April, 1920, yesterday denied them a new trial on the ground of insufficiency of evidence and technicalities of law, but reserved decision on a supplementary motion, in which counsel for the defendants set up a claim of improprieties in the jury room. The court set no date for announcing a decision on the new motion, and, pending its consideration and the taking of exceptions to the supreme court, did not impose sentence. Under the statute, on the verdict of the jury, both defendants were

Be the next witness, or the district court also while the hearing of the trial jury.

Sacco and Vanzetti, both of whom have become international figures since their arrest, were again in court to press their claims for a new trial. Sacco, who has been kept in the county jail at Dedham and Vanzetti, already a convict at the state prison at Charlestown for another robbery, were guarded by state and federal officers from the state prison and the federal marshal's office. There were also stations about the court house.

Judge Thayer's decision was a public interest in the world. The questions presented were weeks ago. Yesterday counsel for the convicted men argued on a few motions, offering affidavits of jurors that at the time of the trial outside exhibits were introduced in the jury room by Walter H. Ripley, foreman of the jury.

Ripley, long identified with the public service in Quincy, both as chief of the fire department and chief of the police department, died subsequent to the trial. Counsel for the condemned men claim that he prejudiced the jury by exhibiting to them bullets which were compared with the state's exhibits. Members of the panel made statements to defence counsel concerning the effect on their minds, but it was not agreed as to the manner in which their testimony might be presented to the court, and at the conclusion of arguments yesterday afternoon the new motion was taken under advisement.

Judge Thayer refused to set aside the jury's verdict. In an exhaustive review of all the evidence, touching on the most important points claimed by both state and defence, he declared that the jury was one of the very best ever chosen for the trial of a criminal case, and pointed out that the only criticism was, not against their honesty or integrity, but concerned their judgment, which, it was claimed, was unduly warped by prejudice.

No Evidence of Abuse of Trust

After reciting the grounds on which justice would be warranted in setting aside a jury verdict, Judge Thayer said: "I cannot find that the jury either mistook or abused their trust. There was no evidence produced at the hearings upon the motions for new trials that even tended in the least degree to prove that the jury abused their trust."

The court commented that arguments for a new trial were substantially the same as made on the facts before the jury.

The court said he was asked to disturb the verdict because it was claimed the jury was not guided by the truth of the disputed questions, and it therefore became necessary for him to review each question. As to the identification, he said: "Identification was the only issue. Every other essential proved murder in the first degree, admitted by counsel for the defendant. There was no dispute that."

which was. It was called a "bandit car" and I will call it that.

"There were a number of witnesses called by the commonwealth who identified these defendants. It is a large number, called by the defence, said they were not. This set up a clear-cut question of fact which only a jury could determine. The trial did not depend upon the testimony of witnesses, but upon the testimony of the testimony."

Bullet Fitted Pistol

Judge Thayer recalled that testimony proved that a .38-calibre bullet was found in the body of the paymaster's guard and that a loaded automatic pistol of the same calibre was found in possession of Sacco.

Though he related the testimony of the revolver experts at some length, the court declared the jury was not dependent on it because they had the benefit of personal observations, made in the court room, and he ruled that the jurors had a right to find that the marks on the bullet were tell-tale of a snail rather than of innocence.

A court said the question was raised by the objection of the defendant with the abandoned "bandit car." Witnesses identified Vanzetti as an occupant of the car a short time after the robbery and murder and later Sacco and Vanzetti were arrested after boarding a car near the point at which the automobile was abandoned. He believed the jury had a right to find that the men who abandoned the "bandit car" had connection with the murder and it would be trespass for him to attempt to interfere.

Testimony to the effect that the revolver found in possession of Vanzetti after the murder was the property of the murdered guard Berardelli was reviewed and the court said it served to corroborate the testimony of eye witnesses who said Vanzetti was in the murder car.

Weighted Conflicting Testimony

Although the defendant testified that he bought the weapon two or three months before he was arrested, he admitted that he told the district attorney that he owned it four or five years and the court said that the jury had a right to consider such evidence of falsehoods as evidence of consciousness of guilt. The jury has a right to weigh this widely conflicting testimony and decide that if Vanzetti couldn't tell four times the value of the revolver, he didn't buy it, and if he didn't

Denies New Trial for Sacco and Vanzetti

and
victi
tion, if
denied.

(Continued from Page One)

but it was consistent with the state's claim that he took it from the body of the murder victim, and if he did that, such evidence corroborated that of eye witnesses who placed him in the escaping bandit car.

Judge Thayer laid considerable stress on the identification of the cap found at the scene of the murder and said to have been worn by Sacco previous to the flight of the bandit car. The testimony of the state witnesses was that the men who fled was bare-headed and by other witnesses it was proved that Sacco wore such a cap at the factory where he was employed, and the cap fitted him on the witness stand. Despite denial of ownership by Sacco and his wife, if the jury believed it was his cap, it further corroborated the state witnesses' testimony that Sacco was one of the fugitives in the bandit car after the murder.

On the admissibility of proof of consciousness of guilt which was one of the defence's chief contentions, the court said it was always held to be competent. In discussing this point Judge Thayer took up the question of "radical views" alleged to have been held by the defendants, saying: "It is important that there should be made explanation of certain elements that are involved in this subject, for there is a great misunderstanding in regard to the relevancy of this evidence. This is so because it was upon this issue, and this issue alone, that evidence of the radical views of the defendants was introduced."

Brought Out by Defence

It should be remembered that no such evidence was offered in the trial until Vanzetti took the stand. It was kept from the jury by the court counsel for the defendants brought it out, to meet the issue of consciousness of guilt which the evidence of the state tended to show. The defendants bravely met the arguments concerning material

could not find that the jury disobeyed instructions or abused their trust.

Concerning the so-called alibi, Judge Thayer said it was evident the jury believed the defendants' evidence insufficient to sustain their claims that they were elsewhere than at South Braintree at the time of the murder.

Continuing, he said: "These men were warned they need not say anything, yet rather than adopt an attitude of silence as they had a right to, they preferred to lie about material and important facts. Sacco testified he was in Boston on the day of the murder, inquiring regarding his passport to Italy. After he was arrested he told the district attorney he was at his work, and it was claimed that there was no reason to lie about it, and if he was disbelieved, the jury had a right to say that his alibi testimony failed because he did not honestly and truthfully account for his whereabouts on the afternoon of the murder."

As to "Weight of Evidence"

Concluding his summary of the evidence, the court considered "weight of evidence" and said: "The jury had opportunity to observe and study every witness, and this is recognized as vitally important. There are persons who assume they can tell how a jury should decide a case upon evidence, not one word of which have they ever heard or read, who can intelligently and correctly decide disputed questions of fact that have been submitted to a jury when their entire knowledge is dependent upon fragmentary accounts in newspapers, and who can unerringly decide that the bullet that killed Berardelli was not fired through the Sacco automatic pistol, which they never saw the fatal bullet and therefore have never made the slightest comparison of identifying marks."

"The highest court in our state has said that it was an advantage to observe and study witnesses and that the jury being sound, I ought not to be influenced in the performance of my duty by appeals from men who have heard a single word of the evidence, and who never had the remotest

his "will" testimony at his trial.

"Sacco and Vanzetti denied to officers taking them to the Western police station that either had a weapon. Yet a weapon was found upon each of them. The courts have ruled such evidence competent to prove consciousness of guilt."

Judge Thayer drew sharp distinction between crimes of which persons under arrest would be consciously guilty, as governing their movements with relation to weapons. He said:

"The jury was told that if there was any evidence of consciousness of guilt it must relate entirely to the murder of Parmenter and Berardelli. Now, right at this point comes in the evidence of radicalism for the purpose of meeting the claims of the commonwealth by showing that even if they were consciously guilty of having committed some wrong, it was not murder, but rather that they were consciously guilty of being radicals; that they had radical literature in their homes and that they might be deported."

"The question was, were they consciously guilty of murder or of being radicals. The jury had a right to consider the testimony of police officers that these men made attempts to reach for their guns."

Ready to Sail to Italy

"The state argued that no man would attempt to commit a graver crime if he were arrested for radicalism. Sacco had a passport for Italy in his pocket, and the jury was within its rights in passing judgment upon this question. Would the defendant have attempted to take a human life through fear of being deported when he expected to sail voluntarily for that same country, two days later? I am asked to set aside a verdict because evidence of radicalism introduced by them created such a strong prejudice against them. Can I say that it was prejudice or that the testimony of these defendants did not stand the tests of truth?"

On this point the court declared he

was the contrary to the facts of judgment, reason, justice, common sense, and would not be guilty with the laws of the Commonwealth.

"I have given these matters no consideration. I have tried to the pathway of judicial duty and lost sight of the fact that the law is governed by laws and should then be the same as the individual."

Sees No Violation of Oath

"I cannot—as I must if I disturb verdicts—announce to the world these 12 jurors, violated the oath, their oaths, threw to the four winds and prejudice their honor, ment, reason and conscience thereby abused the trust reposed in them by the law of the court."

"To what purpose have the lives of two human beings been sacrificed to their own God? A man, his tender and human life and his sound mind for his fellow men, in charge the gravest offence known to the repudiates the suggestion. It is a matter of common knowledge that tender and human qualities, a man, shrink from the very thought of the 'death penalty' until these qualities have been controlled overpowered by testimony which overwhelmingly and irresistibly forces to the conclusion that defendant is guilty."

"If I am in error in my judgment to the sufficiency of the evidence warrant a conviction or if I have committed any error at any time that miserate in any manner to the prejudice either or both of these defendants, supreme judicial court will make retraction in due time; and if I shall find error, nobody will welcome correction more gladly than I. I till that time comes, so far as the questions are concerned, the verdicts of the jury must stand."

The court permitted defendants to reserve exceptions to the

Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation.

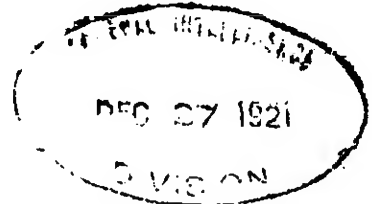
P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

December 22, 1921.

61-126

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.



Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that I today called the clerk of the Norfolk County Court at Dedham, Mass. and he stated that the hearing on the second motion for a new trial will be held at 10 A.M. on December 24th, which will be upon the fact that it has been said by various jurors that one juror had in his pocket cartridges that fitted one of the revolvers used in the shooting of the paymaster at Braintree, Mass., upon which charge SACCO and VANZETTI have been recently tried for murder.

I shall have the hearing at Dedham, Mass. covered by agents of this office on the above mentioned date.

Yours very truly,

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-5 BTJ/jwh

Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

Read by

DEC 27 1921

Wm. J. Burns

NOTED
G. E. B.

Department of Justice,

Bureau of Investigation.

Boston, Mass.,

December 24, 1921.

CAB:JWC.

61-126-
William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that I, today, in company with Agents West and [REDACTED] attended hearing upon motion for new trial before Judge Thayer of the Superior Court at Dedham, Mass. Judge Thayer after a lengthy review of the case denied all motions for a new trial. He will, however, await the decision of the Massachusetts Supreme Court upon petition pending before this latter body before imposing sentence upon these men.

61-126-483
I shall continue to send to you daily a personal report under personal cover.

Yours very truly,

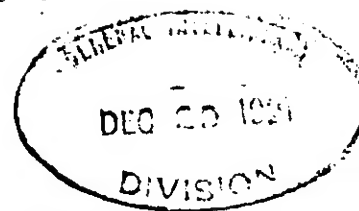
Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP8 BTJ/mk

Department of Justice,

Bureau of Investigation.

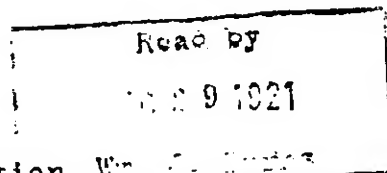
P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.



CAB:JMC

December 23, 1921.

61-126-



William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-1 BTJ/mk

61-126-484

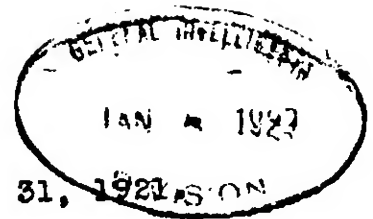
RECORDED

Handwritten initials and date

Department of Justice,

Bureau of Investigation.

7 Water Street, Boston, Mass.

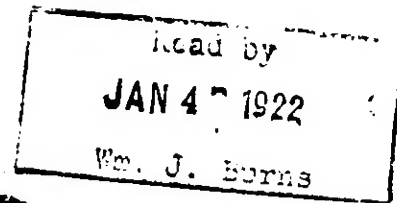


CAB:D.

December 31, 1921

61-126

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.



Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Very truly yours,

Charles A. Banoroff

Charles A. Banoroff,
Special Agent in Charge.

JAN 7 1922

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8 BTJ

61-126-485

RECORDED

Q. 70

Department of Justice
Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

December 30, 1921

61-126

J. Burns, Esq.,
Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

JAN 4 1922

Wm. J. Burns

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions
from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the de-
velopments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter,

I desire to state that no new developments have
come to my attention during the past twenty-four
hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP8BJT/mk

JAN 7 1922

61-126-486

RECORDED

975



CITY OF ROCHESTER

EXECUTIVE DIVISION

POLICE DEPARTMENT HEADQUARTERS

ROCHESTER, N.Y.

JOSEPH M. QUIGLEY
CHIEF OF DEPARTMENT

December 21, 1921.



J.M. Quigley,
Chief of Police,
Rochester, N.Y.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/2/82 BY SP-8 BJS/kub

Sir:-

Relative to the attached communication from the Department
Justive, Washington. Detective [REDACTED]

b7c [REDACTED] the office, and in connection with this matter, they stated as fol

b7c [REDACTED] stated that he has been in
City of Rochester, N.Y., about 11 years; he is not a citizen of the
States; he is not an Anarchist, but contributed \$1.00 or \$2.00, for
defense of Socca and Venzetti, at a meeting held at Germania Hall.
has received the "L'Agatazione" for about two months [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] whoever wanted them to
he has been out of the City but twice in the 11 years, once about
age when he went to Syracuse, N.Y., and returned the same day; the
time, last Summer, when he and a party of friends went to Buffalo a
Niagara Falls, N.Y., and returned; he never was in New York City.

b7c [REDACTED] has been a citizen of
Unites States 3 years; has lived in the City of Rochester 10 years
not an Anarchist; has contributed about 25¢ towards the Sacco-Vinz
defense; also took up a collection at the factory where he is empl
for the Sacco-Vinzetti defense, amounting to \$15.50, same was forwa
to Defense Committee of Sacco-Vinzetti, 80 or 82 Batter St., Boston
has received the "L'Agitazione" about two months, (or about 2 tin

b7c [REDACTED] has been in Roche
about 13 years; has taken out his first Citizenship papers; has co
buted "maybe 50¢" towards the Sacco-Vinzetti Derense; is not an An
has received the "L'Agitazione" 2 or 3 times, understands it is se
everybody who contributes for the defense of Sacco-Vinzetti; sent
which was collected at a meeting held in Germania Hall, to the "He
Committee in Boston", 32 Batter St.

Trusting the above information is what you want, and will be
satisfactory.

Respectfully submitted,

J. M. Quigley

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

6 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☒ Deleted under exemption(s) b7c with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

61-126-487

XXXXXX
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 X DELETED PAGE(S) X
 X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
 X FOR THIS PAGE X
 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX



CITY OF ROCHESTER

EXECUTIVE DIVISION

POLICE DEPARTMENT HEADQUARTERS

ROCHESTER, N.Y.

December 22nd, 1921.

JOSEPH M. QUIGLEY
CHIEF OF DEPARTMENT



Read by

DEC 24 1921

Mr. William J. Burns,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

My Dear Director:

Your letter of October 29th, 1921, in which you state, that you are in receipt of information that the Anarchist publication "L'Agitazione" has published the following residents of this city:

[REDACTED] was duly received.

Immediately upon receipt of your letter, I directed the Captain of Detectives to make an investigation. He found that the above parties had received the papers mentioned. [REDACTED] were brought to Headquarters, and their statements relating to their personal history were taken, also their finger-print impressions.

[REDACTED] we were unable to locate. We will be on the lookout for him however, and if he is found, we will forward what information we may be able to obtain from him to you later.

Enclosed you will find a copy of report made to me of the case by J. P. McDonald, Captain of Detectives.

Hoping this is satisfactory, I remain

Yours very respectfully,

Joseph M. Quigley
Chief of Police

JMQ:CAG.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 4/2/82 BY SP-105/mc

RECORDED

SWR.JR.

61-126-48726
61-726

Over

Mr. J. E. Snigley,
Chief of Police,
Police Department Headquarters,
Rochester, N.Y.

My dear Chief:

I want to thank you for your communication of the 22nd ultimo, regarding individuals in your anarchist publication "X". We received the information some time ago.

I am indeed grateful for this assistance and if, at any time, I can be of service to you, please do not hesitate to communicate with me.

Yours very truly,

W. J. R. Quinn
Director.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/25/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/NC

RECORDED

2
Department of Justice
Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.



CAB:JMC

January 3, 1922.

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.



Dear Sir:

61-126-488
Complying with telegraphic instructions
from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the de-
velopments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter,
I desire to state that no new developments have
come to my attention during the past twenty-
four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft

Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10/23/82 BY SP-800/mh

JAN 9 1922

61-126-488

RECORDED

Read by

JAN 4 - 1922

W. J. Burns

Instructions received from Spl. Agt. In Chg. C. A. Bancroft.

REPORT MADE AT: Boston, Mass.	DATE WHEN MADE: Jan. 5, 1922.	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: Jan. 4, 1922.	REPORT MADE BY: W. J. West.
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: FREDERICK A. PARMENTER, 55 West Street, Braintree, Mass.			
FACTS DEVELOPED: (Cross reference under Sacco-Vanzetti case) At South Braintree, Mass.:			
<p>Bureau letter of December 20, 1921, initialed GFR-JR, advised that the State Department desired information relative to the citizenship of FREDERICK A. PARMENTER, paymaster for the Slater & Morrill Shoe Company, South Braintree, Mass., who was shot and killed in that town on April 15, 1920, as a result of which NICOLA SACCO and BARTOLOMEO VANZETTI were convicted of murder in the first degree.</p> <p>The records of the town of Braintree, seen this date at the Town Hall, South Braintree, Mass., indicate that FREDERICK A. PARMENTER, residing at 55 West Street, Braintree, Mass., registered as a voter on October 18, 1919, claiming to be at that time 45 years of age and a citizen of the United States by virtue of his birth at Hartford, Connecticut.</p> <p>CLOSED.</p> <p><i>1/12/22 To State GFR-JR</i></p> <p>READ BY W. J. West</p> <p>ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8 BJS/mc</p> <p>61-126-489 RECORDED</p>			
REFERENCE:	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: WASHINGTON 3, BOSTON 2.		

ORIGINAL

7-1100

61-126-111
The Honorable

The Secretary of State,

My dear Mr. Secretary:

Attention Mr. Dunn,
Solicitor General's Office.

In reference to your communication of the ninth ultimo, requesting information concerning the citizenship of Frederick A. Farmer and Alessandro Berardelli, the individuals who were murdered by Sacco and Vanzetti, I desire to inform you that Frederick A. Farmer was a citizen of the United States, by virtue of his birth at Hartford, Conn.

As stated in my communication of December tenth, Berardelli was born in Italy.

Faithfully yours,

(Signed) H. M. Daugherty.

Attorney General.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8875/ma

RECORDED

Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation.
7 Water Street, Boston, Mass.

CAB/D.

December 15 1921.

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

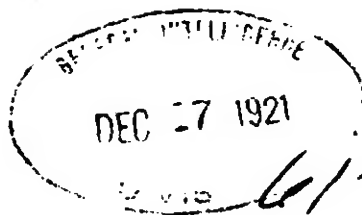
Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions
from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the de-
velopments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter,
I desire to state that no new developments have
come to my attention during the past twenty-four
hours.

Very truly yours,

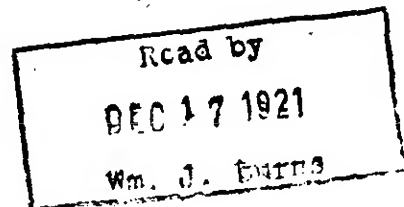
Charles A. Bancroft

Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.



RECORDED

*File
1729*



ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-805/aw

OFFICE OF
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE
EDWARD J. BRENNAN

TELEPHONE, BARCLAY 8160
POST OFFICE BOX 241
CITY HALL STATION

CJS-JWD.

Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR

NEW YORK, N. Y.

January 5, 1922

RECEIVED
JAN 7 1922
141-126-4
26
READ BY W. J.

Director,
Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

General Intelligence Division
In Re: Sacco-Vanzetti.

Dear Sir:

Your attention is respectfully called to an article appearing in the New York Call of even date, treating of a lecture tour to be made by Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, organizer of the Workers Defense Union, in behalf of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti, the Italians who were convicted in Dedham, Mass. on the charge of murder.

The initial meeting is planned for Utica, N.Y. on January 8th, and Miss Flynn, according to the aforementioned newspaper, will cover the territory from New York to Minnesota, and dates further West may be arranged for later. It is announced that the tour will include such cities as Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Cleveland, Toledo, Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago, Minneapolis, Kansas City and St. Louis.

This woman is scheduled to speak at the Socialist Hall, 1602 Peach St., Erie, Pa. on January 16th, and in Detroit, at two gatherings, at the House of the Masses, and the Labor Lyceum, on January 22d and 23d, respectively.

The various offices covering the aforementioned cities will be furnished with a copy of this letter, with the request that the meetings addressed by this woman be covered, and that copies of the reports concerning same be sent to the New York Office.

Yours very truly,

Edward J. Brennan
EDWARD J. BRENNAN

SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-1805/ma

61-126-4
JAN 9
P 6
1/20

Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

January 6

61-126



William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours, except the attached item appearing in the Boston "Herald" of even date.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge

diffused by Henry
Enc 1
1-7-22-W

61-126-492

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-805/MLH

RECEIVED

JAN 13 1922

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FILE

Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

January 5, 1922.

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions
from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the de-
velopments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter,
I desire to state that no new developments have come
to my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

JAN 11 1922

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-9 BTJ/mk

61-126-493

RECORDED

47

Department of Justice,

Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

December

29

1921.

Read by

DEC 30 1921

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D.C.

61-126-

DEC 30 1921

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions
from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the de-
velopments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I
desire to state that no new developments have come
to my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Yours very truly

Charles A. Bancroft

Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-9BJ/MC

MAILED
FBI

61-126-494

*for a g
2 memo*
December 13, 1921.

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. BURNS:

I attach hereto a translation taken from "Krasny International" the official organ of the Red International of the Trade Unions, and issued in Moscow, which is an appeal to the workmen of all countries for the saving of Sacco and Vanzetti. This confirms our impression of long standing that Moscow is personally interested in the release of these two subjects.

Respectfully,

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/23/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/na

RECORDED

61-1116
67-126-495

12
December 15, 1921.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

I attached hereto a translation taken from "Krasny International", the official organ of the Red International of the Trade Unions, and issued in Moscow, which is an appeal to the workmen of all countries for the saving of Sacco and Vanzetti.

This confirms our impression of long standing that Moscow is personally interested in the release of these two subjects.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/28/82 BY SP8BJS/wh

Respectfully

Director

*File
M 2R*

Read by
DEC 15 Recd
Wm. J. Burns

RECORDED

61-126-49

... 9 22 P.M.

**Department of Justice,
Bureau of Investigation.**

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

January 7, 1922.

READ BY W. J. R.

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8 BTJ/ML

RECORDED

61-726-496

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

In replying refer to

16-10-K-18

M.I.4-F.

WAR DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF STAFF
WASHINGTON

January 10, 1922.

TELETYPE
JAN 12 1922
DIVISION

Mr. W. J. Burns,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D.C.

61-126

My dear Mr. Burns:

Herewith is transmitted a copy of a report recently received in this office from the Military Attache, Brussels, under the heading "Anarchist threats against American Ambassadors". X

This is for your information.

Very truly yours,

For the A. C. of S., G-2:

W. H. Cowles
W. H. COWLES,
Major, Cavalry,
Chief, M.I.4.

State informed
1 incl.
bk

*1/17/22
Boston
grr
1-12-22 W*

JAN 23 1922

RECORDED

61-126-497

RECOVERED

h779

4840

AMERICAN EMBASSY
OFFICE OF MILITARY ATTACHE
BRUSSELS, BELGIUM

DIV. I

JAN 6

15-15

AGENT

8K

From: Military Attaché, Brussels, Belgium.
To: A. S. of S., S-2, Washington, D. C.
Subject: Anarchist threats against American Ambassadors.

RECEIVED 8/23 JAN 6 1922

1. From a Belgian government source absolutely reliable, confirmed by two reliable police reports, it is stated that should Sacco and Vanzetti, now undergoing trial, be condemned to death upon their appeal from their present conviction, an attempt will be made by the anarchists to assassinate the American Ambassadors in London, Paris, and Rome, and the American Minister at Copenhagen.

No encl.
kls

JOHN R. THOMAS, Jr.,
Lt.-Colonel, General Staff,
Military Attaché, Belgium.

American Embassy, Brussels, informed.

Copies to:
Military Attachés in Europe,
Major Bagby, Coblenz.

G.R.J.
61-126-497

January 17, 1922.

JAN 23 1922

Mr. C.A. Bancroft,
Box 5185,
Boston, Mass.

Dear Sir -

Herely for your information, I am enclosing
herewith copy of a report recently received by the
office of the Military Intelligence Division of the War
Department, from the Military Attache, Brussels, under
the heading - "Anarchist threats against American Ambassadors

Yours very truly,

W. F. Quinn
Director.

Encl.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP8 BTJ/wa

100-2002

Department of

Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water St., Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC

January 11, 1922.

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions
from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the de-
velopments in the SACCO and VANZETTI matter, I
desire to state that no new developments have come to
my attention during the past twenty-four hours.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft
Charles A. Bancroft
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP8 BJS/ma

RECEIVED BY W. L. B.

61-126-498

13

4711



Department of
Bureau of Investigation.

P. O. Box 3185,
7 Water Street, Boston, Mass.

CAB:JMC.

December 17, 1921.

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Complying with telegraphic instructions from the Bureau to advise you daily as to the developments in the SACCO and VANZETTI case, I desire to state that no new developments have come to my attention during the past twenty-four hours, with the exception of the information contained in the attached clipping from the Boston Morning Globe of even date.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Bancroft

Charles A. Bancroft,
Special Agent in Charge.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-6 BSH

Enclosure 1.

61-126-499

71
170

**TO CONSIDER NEW TRIAL
FOR SACCO AND VANZETTI**

WORCESTER, Dec. 24.—Judge Webster
Chayer, in the Superior Criminal Court
today, granted a hearing for Saturday,
Dec. 24, to consider a new trial in the
Sacco-Vanzetti case.

His decision was reached after a con-
ference with Fred H. Moore, counsel for
the defense, and Dist. Atty. Frederick
Katzmann.

The defense bases its right to another
trial on the claim that the foreman of
the jury which convicted Sacco and
Vanzetti had revolver cartridges in his
pocket which he showed to the jurymen
to the alleged detriment of the de-
fendants' case.

**ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED**

DATE 6/23/82 BY SP-8 BJS/mc

CE OF
SUPERINTENDENT
(D J. BRENNAN

TELEPHONE, BARCLAY 8
POST OFFICE BOX 24
CITY HALL 2

Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR
NEW YORK, N. Y.

CJS-JWD.

~~Confidential~~

December 17, 1921.

61-120

Read by
DEC 20 1921
Wm. J. Burns

William J. Burns, Esq.,
Director, Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

In Re: Sacco-Vanzetti
Anarchist Activities.

Dear Sir:

The New York Call of even date contains an article setting forth that December 24th has been designated as the day for the argument before Judge Webster Thayer, on the supplementary motion for a new trial in the Sacco and Vanzetti Case.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP
7/12/800P

Yours very truly,

Edward J. Brennan
EDWARD J. BRENNAN

SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE.

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ON 6/23/92

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